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B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

August 2024 Supplementary Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Branch: Biotechnology

Course Code: 19BT4ESPET

Course: Process Engineering Thermodynamics

Semester: IV

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 100

Instructions: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.

UNIT - I

1 a) Sujoyt has bought an Air Compressor Unit for his Garage. Being a chemical engineer, he understands that the device obeys the law of conservation of energy. Which Thermodynamics law enables him to conclude. With a neat sketch, arrive at the equation for that law. 10

b) Oil at 500K is to be cooled at a rate of 5000 kg/hr in a counter current exchanger using cold water available at 295 K. A temperature approach of 10 K is to be maintained at both ends of the exchanger. The specific heats of oil and water are 3.2 and 4.2 kJ/kg-K, respectively. Determine the total entropy change in the process. 10

OR

2 a) A 30 kg steel ball at 427 °C is dropped in 150 kg of oil at 27 °C. The specific heat of steel and oil are 0.5 kJ/kg K and 2.5 kJ/kg K, respectively. Estimate the entropy change of steel, the oil and that of system containing the steel and oil. 10

b) Define the following with an example each
(i) Closed system (ii) open system (iii) isolated system (iv) state function (v) path function. 10

UNIT - II

3 a) With a neat diagram, discuss the PVT behavior of pure fluids. 10

b) Calculate the volume occupied by one mole of oxygen at 300 K and 100 bar using Vander Walls equation. Take $a = 0.1378 \text{ Nm}^4/\text{mol}^2$ and $b = 3.18 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{mol}$. 05

c) Define compressibility factor. Explain the principle of corresponding states with example. 05

UNIT - III

4 a) With suitable examples, explain about the reference properties, energy properties and derived properties. 06

b) With a suitable equation, brief about fugacity and fugacity coefficient. Discuss the effect of temperature and pressure on fugacity. 06

c) Prove that $C_p - C_v = \beta^2 VT/k$ 08

OR

5 a) Explain the physical meaning of partial molar property with neat graph. **10**
b) Some unmeasurable quantities appear in thermodynamic Equations. As a biotech engineer how can you replace such quantities with measurable quantities? Derive the equations containing both unmeasurable and measurable quantities. **10**

UNIT - IV

6 a) Explain the criteria of phase equilibrium. **08**
b) Define activity. Using the concept of activity, explain in detail about the effect of pressure & temperature on activity. **06**
c) Differentiate between ideal and non-ideal solutions with a neat graph. **06**

UNIT - V

7 a) With a neat graph, arrive at an equation for standard free energy change. **10**
b) *n*-Butane is isomerized to *i*-butane by the action of catalyst at moderate temperatures. It is found that the equilibrium is attained at the following compositions.

Temperature (K)	Mol % of <i>n</i> -butane
317	31
391	43

Assuming that activities are equal to the mole fractions, calculate the standard free energy of the reaction at 317 K and 391 K and the average value of heat of reaction over this temperature range.
