

U.S.N.

B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

August 2024 Supplementary Examinations**Programme: B.E.****Branch: Chemical Engineering****Course Code: 19CH3DCMOP****Course: Mechanical Operations****Semester: III****Duration: 3 hrs.****Max Marks: 100**

Instructions: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.			UNIT - I	CO	PO	Marks
	1	a)	Derive an expression for screen effectiveness by material balance over a screen.	CO1	PO1	12
		b)	Explain in detail, working of trommel with a neat sketch.	CO1	PO1	08
			UNIT - II			
	2	a)	Explain with neat sketch the construction and operation of gyratory crusher; also mention the advantages and disadvantages.	CO2	PO2	14
		b)	To crush 150 tons per hour of limestone, if 80% of the feed passes 50 mm screen and 80% of the product passes a 3.125mm screen. What will be the power required? Work index of limestone = 12.74.	CO2	PO2	06
			UNIT - III			
	3	a)	Define fluidization. Explain the condition for fluidization with the help of pressure drop and bed height.	CO3	PO3	10
		b)	A plate and frame filter press when filtering a sludge gave 8 m ³ of filtrate in 1800 sec and 11 m ³ of filtrate in 3600 sec when filtration was stopped. Calculate the washing time if 3 m ³ of wash water is used to wash the cake. Neglect the resistance of the filter cloth and assume a constant pressure filtration. Rate of washing = ¼ (final rate of filtration).	CO3	PO3	10
			OR			
	4	a)	Determine the settling velocity of steel ball 0.03 cm diameter in oil of specific gravity 0.82 and viscosity of 1 cP specific gravity of steel is 7.84. Justify your answer.	CO3	PO3	06
		b)	Derive <i>Kozeny-Carman</i> equation for the flow of fluids through a bed of spherical solid particles. State all the assumptions used in its derivation.	CO3	PO3	14

		UNIT - IV																	
5	a)	Explain in detail the working of batch sedimentation test with neat sketch.	CO4	PO4	10														
	b)	Illustrate on open and closed storage of solids.	CO4	PO4	10														
		OR																	
6	a)	Calculate the minimum cross-sectional area of a continuous thickener required to handle 50 tons/h of dry solids to produce a thickened sludge of 530 kg solids per m ³ of water. The initial concentration of slurry is 240 kg/ m ³ of slurry. The following data of settling velocity versus solid concentration was obtained in a batch settling test. <table border="1"><tr><td>V, m/h</td><td>0.1</td><td>0.08</td><td>0.06</td><td>0.03</td><td>0.02</td><td>0.01</td></tr><tr><td>C_L, kg/ m³</td><td>265</td><td>285</td><td>325</td><td>415</td><td>465</td><td>550</td></tr></table>	V, m/h	0.1	0.08	0.06	0.03	0.02	0.01	C _L , kg/ m ³	265	285	325	415	465	550	CO4	PO4	12
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C _L , kg/ m ³	265	285	325	415	465	550													
	b)	Derive an equation for terminal settling velocity.	CO4	PO4	08														
		UNIT - V																	
7	a)	With the help of a neat sketch explain different types of impellers for agitation of liquids along with application.	CO2	PO2	10														
	b)	Explain the principle of ribbon blender with its different industrial application.	CO2	PO2	10														
