

U.S.N.

# B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

## September 2024 Supplementary Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Semester: I / II

Branch: Electrical Engineering Stream

Duration: 3 hrs.

Course Code: 22CY1BSCEE / 22CY2BSCEE

Max Marks: 100

Course: Applied Chemistry for Electrical Engineering Stream

**Instructions:** 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.  
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.			<b>UNIT - I</b>	<b>CO</b>	<b>PO</b>	<b>Marks</b>
	1	a)	What are reference electrodes? Describe the construction and working principle of calomel electrode.	1	1	7
		b)	What are concentration cells? Explain with example. A concentration cell consists of two copper rods in $\text{CuSO}_4$ solutions, the concentration at one electrode system is 100 times more concentrated than the other. Represent the cell and solve the EMF of the cell at 300 K. Given $F = 96500 \text{ C}$ and $R = 8.314 \text{ J/K/mol}$	2	2	7
		c)	Explain the type of corrosion taking place in the following cases. i. bolt and nut made up of two different metals in contact with each other. ii. dust deposition on a metal surface for a long time.	2	2	6
			<b>OR</b>			
	2	a)	Describe the construction of glass electrode. Describe how the pH of the given solution is measured using a glass electrode.	1	1	7
		b)	What is corrosion? Explain electrochemical theory of corrosion taking iron as an example.	1	1	7
		c)	A thick brass sheet of area $400 \text{ inch}^2$ is exposed to moist air. After 2 years it was found to experience a weight loss 375 g due to corrosion. If the density of brass is $8.73 \text{ g/cm}^3$ , $K = 534$ . Calculate CPR in mpy and mmpy.	2	2	6
			<b>UNIT – II</b>			
	3	a)	Describe the determination of calorific value of a solid fuel using bomb calorimeter.	1	1	7
		b)	Explain the construction and working principle of silicon based photovoltaic cell. Mention the advantages and disadvantages of PV cell.	1	1	7
		c)	What are batteries? Describe the construction and working of Li-ion battery.	1	1	6

		<b>UNIT – III</b>			
4	a)	What is glass transition temperature? Explain any three factors that affect T <sub>g</sub> .	2	2	<b>7</b>
	b)	Explain the synthesis and mention the applications of butyl rubber, and polyglycolic acid.	1	1	<b>7</b>
	c)	What are conducting polymers? Explain the mechanism of conduction in polyacetylene.	1	1	<b>6</b>
		<b>OR</b>			
5	a)	A polymer sample contains 10, 20, 30 and 40 molecules having molecular weights $10^5$ , $2 \times 10^5$ , $3 \times 10^5$ and $4 \times 10^5$ , respectively. Calculate the number average and weight average molecular weights of the polymer. Find PDI and comment on the result.	2	2	<b>7</b>
	b)	What are plastics? Explain the synthesis of UF resin. Mention its uses.	1	1	<b>7</b>
	c)	Justify that polymer composites are preferred as structural materials. Explain the synthesis of Kevlar.	3	7	<b>6</b>
		<b>UNIT – IV</b>			
6	a)	Describe the mechanism of conduction in solids using band theory.	1	1	<b>7</b>
	b)	What are electronic memory devices? Explain the classification of memory devices.	1	1	<b>7</b>
	c)	Depict and explain all the transitions in a photoactive material using Jablonski's diagram.	1	1	<b>6</b>
		<b>UNIT – V</b>			
7	a)	What are nanomaterials? Explain the synthesis of GO by Hummer's method. List out the properties and uses of GO.	1	1	<b>7</b>
	b)	What are optical sensors? Explain the instrumentation of colorimetric sensor and its application in the estimation of copper.	1	1	<b>7</b>
	c)	What is e-waste? Explain the effect of e waste on environment and human health.	3	7	<b>6</b>

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