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B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

July 2023 Semester End Main Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Branch: Institutional Elective

Course Code: 20CV6OEMFC

Course: Mechanics of FRP composites

Semester: VI

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 100

Date: 07.07.2023

Instructions: Answer any **five** full questions out of **six** questions.

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.				<i>CO</i>	<i>PO</i>	Marks
	1	a)	How are composites classified? Briefly explain each type of composites with their merits and demerits.	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	12
		b)	Differentiate between micro and macro mechanics. What are the basic assumptions in determining E_{11} and E_{22} using rule of mixture?	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	08
	2	a)	Derive the expressions for major poisson's ratio and rigidity modulus of a composite material.	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	14
		b)	A glass/epoxy lamina with 60% fiber volume fraction has ultimate strength of fiber and matrix 1440 MPa and 70 MPa respectively. Compute the ultimate tensile strength of composite, if Young's modulus of fiber and matrix are $E_f = 82$ GPa and $E_m = 3.1$ GPa respectively.	<i>CO2</i>	<i>PO2</i>	06
	3	a)	Explain plane stress condition and derive the stress-strain relation for an orthotropic material under plane stress condition. Also write the number of independent elastic constants for 3D anisotropic, Monoclinic, orthotropic, transversely-isotropic and isotropic materials.	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	15
		b)	For a 60° angle lamina of graphite/epoxy, obtain the transformed reduced stiffness matrix ($[\bar{Q}]$) if $E_1 = 181$ GPa, $E_2 = 10.3$ GPa, $\nu_{12} = 0.28$ and $G_{12} = 7.17$ GPa.	<i>CO2</i>	<i>PO2</i>	05
	4	a)	A three layered symmetric graphite/epoxy laminate has (0/90/0) scheme, each of 2mm thickness. Given $E_1 = 181$ GPa, $E_2 = 10.3$ GPa, $\nu_{12} = 0.28$ and $G_{12} = 7.17$ GPa for the material combination of lamina, compute the $[A]$, $[B]$, and $[D]$ matrices.	<i>CO2</i>	<i>PO2</i>	14

	b)	Write the significance of [A], [B], and [D] matrices in the resultant stress-strain relation.	CO3	PO2	06
5		Establish the Force and Moment Resultants Related to Midplane Strains and curvatures (ABD Matrix) from the basic principles.	CO3	PO2	20
6	a)	What are the different failure theories and explain them with the relations.	CO1	PO1	10
	b)	A 30° fibre oriented lamina is subjected to the stresses, $\sigma_x = 12\text{MPa}$, $\sigma_y = 30\text{MPa}$ and $\tau_{xy} = 3.5\text{MPa}$. Check for safety of the lamina by maximum stress theory and Tsai-Hill failure theory by considering the following ultimate permissible stresses, $X_T = 250\text{MPa}$, $Y_T = 0.5\text{MPa}$, $X_C = 200\text{MPa}$, and $Y_C = 10\text{MPa}$ and $S = 8\text{MPa}$.	CO3	PO2	10
