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B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

February / March 2023 Semester End Main Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Branch: Institutional Elective

Course Code: 21CV7OEEA

Course: Finite Element Analysis

Semester: VII

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 100

Date: 22.02.2023

Instructions: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

UNIT - I

1 a) Derive stress strain relation for plane-stress condition. **06**
 b) The stress tensor at a point is given as **08**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 200 & 160 & -120 \\ 160 & -240 & 100 \\ -120 & 100 & 160 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kN/m}^2$$

 Determine the strain tensor at this point. Take $E = 210 \times 10^6 \text{ kN/m}^2$ and $\mu = 0.3$.
 c) Derive equation of equilibrium for two dimensional stress state. **06**

OR

2 a) A simply supported beam is subjected to a point load at the center. Determine maximum deflection using Rayleigh Ritz method. **12**
 b) What is FEM? Sketch the different types of elements used based on geometry in finite element analysis. **04**
 c) Explain (i) Principle of minimum potential energy (ii) Rayleigh-Ritz method **04**

UNIT - II

3 a) Derive the shape function for a 3-noded bar element in natural coordinate system. **05**
 b) Find nodal displacements for the stepped bar loaded as shown in Fig. 1. Take $E_s = 200 \text{ GPa}$ and $E_c = 100 \text{ GPa}$. **05**

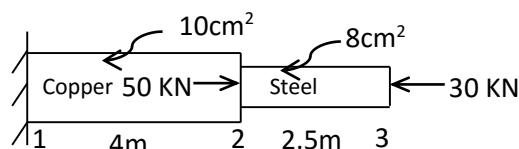


Fig. 1

c) What are the convergence requirements of shape function? **05**
 d) Derive stiffness matrix for a 2-noded bar element (derivation of shape function is not required). **05**

UNIT - III

4 Find all possible displacements at B and C and also find elemental forces for the beam loaded as shown in Fig. 2. 20

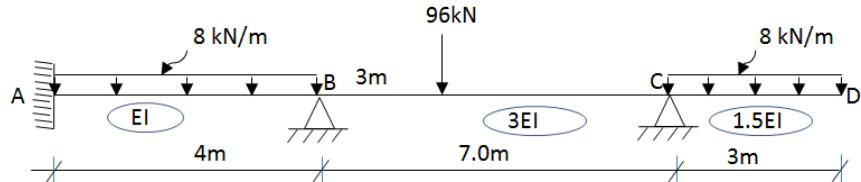


Fig. 2

UNIT - IV

5 a) Obtain expression for shape functions of CST element. Sketch their variations. 10
 b) Distinguish between Lagrange and Serendipity family elements with examples. Also derive shape functions for a 4-noded quadrilateral element using Lagrange polynomials. 10

UNIT - V

6 a) Derive the strain displacement and stiffness matrix for a 4-noded quadrilateral isoparametric element. 14
 b) Explain isoparametric, subparametric and super-parametric elements. 06

OR

7 a) The co-ordinate of the triangular element is shown in Fig. 3. At the interior point 'P' the x-co-ordinate is 3.3 and $N_1 = 0.3$. Determine N_2 , N_3 and the 'y' co-ordinate at point 'P'. 05

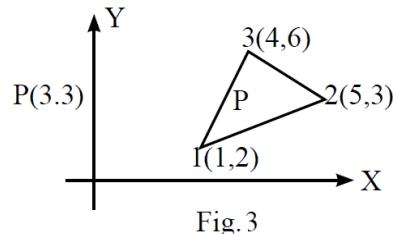


Fig. 3

b) A four-noded quadrilateral element has coordinates 1(10, 10), 2(50, 10), 3(60, 60) and 4(10, 40). If the element nodal displacement vector is given by $\{q\} = \{0, 0, 1, 2, 0, 1.5, 1, 0\}$ mm, determine (i) the x & y coordinates of point P which has $\xi = 0.5$ and $\eta = 0.5$ and (ii) displacements u & v of the point P. 10
 c) For the quadrilateral element shown in figure 4, find the Jacobian matrix at $\xi = \frac{1}{4}$ and $\eta = \frac{1}{4}$. 05

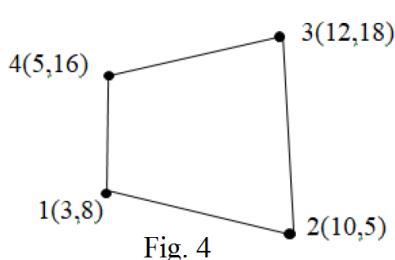


Fig. 4
