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B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

June 2025 Semester End Main Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Semester: VII

Branch: Civil Engineering

Duration: 3 hrs.

Course Code: 22CV7PCQSE

Max Marks: 100

Course: Quantity Surveying and Estimation

Instructions: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

UNIT - I			CO	PO	Marks
1	a)	Define Contract and discuss the objectives of contract.	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	06
	b)	Prepare a rough-cost estimate of a residential building project with a total plinth area of the building - 210 Sqm. Given that: Plinth Area Rate = ₹ 12,000.00 / Sqm Extra for special architectural treatment = 2% Extra for water supply and sanitary installations = 10% Extra for internal installations = 10% Extra for Electric & gas services = 10% Contingencies 3% Supervision charges = 8% Design charges = 3%	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO3</i>	08
	c)	Discuss detailed method of estimation	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	06
OR					
2	a)	Discuss the importance of accurately preparing tender documents.	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	08
	b)	Discuss various methods of estimation	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	04
	c)	Prepare a rough-cost estimate of a residential building project with a total plinth area of the building - 190 Sqm. Given that: Plinth Area Rate = ₹ 15,000.00 / Sqm Extra for special architectural treatment = 1.5% Extra for water supply and sanitary installations = 8% Extra for internal installations = 12% Extra for Electric & gas services = 8% Contingencies 3% Supervision charges = 8% Design charges = 2%	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO3</i>	08

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.

		UNIT - II			
3		<p>The accompanying figure-1 shows the details of a residential building. Estimate the quantities by centre line method and cost of the following items of works.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Earthwork excavation for foundation in soft soil at a rate of Rs. 350.00/Cum b) Size stone masonry in footings and plinth with CM 1:8 at a rate of Rs. 4200.00/Cum c) Internal Plastering of walls in CM 1:6, 12mm thick at a rate of Rs. 550.00/Sqm 	CO1	PO3	20
		OR			
4	a)	Discuss various methods of taking out quantities.	CO1	PO1	08
	b)	Prepare a detailed estimate of a RCC slab of 2.5m clear span and 6m long from the given figure-2 . RCC work including centering and shuttering to cost @ Rs. 5000/Cum and steel reinforcement in detail @ Rs. 70/kg shall be calculated separately.	CO1	PO3	12
		UNIT - III			
5		<p>Estimate the quantities of all the items of work for the septic tank shown in the figure-3.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> d) Earthwork excavation for foundation @ Rs. 400.00/Cum e) CC 1:2:4 in floor and foundation @ Rs. 4000.00/Cum f) Burnt brick masonry @ Rs. 5500.00/Cum g) RCC work 1:2:4 in roof cover slab including steel @ Rs. 5500/Cum h) Plastering 12mm thick in CM 1:4 with water proof material @ Rs. 550/Sqm i) Cement Plastering 20mm thick @ Rs. 600/Sqm j) Iron footsteps @ Rs. 150/No k) 50mm dia C.I. Ventilating pipe @ Rs. 200/m l) 50mm dia C.I. cowl at top of ventilating pipe @ Rs. 150/No 	CO1	PO3	20
		OR			
6		Prepare a detailed estimate of a steel truss for the given drawing (Figure-4). The effective span of the truss is 8m. All steel works shall be painted with two coats of paint @ 400/- per sqm. All gusset plates are 10mm thick. Consider rate of steel @ 65/kg.	CO1	PO3	20
		UNIT - IV			
7	a)	List and discuss various methods of earthwork estimation	CO2	PO1	10

	b)	Estimate the cost of earthwork for a portion of the road from the following data. The formation width of the road is 12m. Side slopes are 2:1 in filling and 1.5:1 in cutting. Compute volume by Mean area method.	CO2	PO3	10																											
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Distance</th><th>100</th><th>130</th><th>160</th><th>190</th><th>220</th><th>250</th><th>280</th><th>310</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>G. L.</td><td>357.3</td><td>357.1</td><td>356.7</td><td>356.3</td><td>356.0</td><td>356.1</td><td>356.8</td><td>357.5</td></tr> <tr> <td>F. L.</td><td colspan="5" style="text-align: center;">← Upgradient of 1 in 100 →</td><td>358</td><td></td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Distance	100	130	160	190	220	250	280	310	G. L.	357.3	357.1	356.7	356.3	356.0	356.1	356.8	357.5	F. L.	← Upgradient of 1 in 100 →					358					
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8	a)	Workout the quantity of earthwork for a portion of the road for the following details by mid sectional area method. Formation width of road is 9m. Side slope 2:1 in filling and 1.5:1 in cutting.	CO2	PO3	10																											
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	b)	Estimate the cost of earthwork for a portion of the road from the following data. The formation width of the road is 10m. Side slopes are 2:1 in filling and 1.5:1 in cutting. Compute volume by Prismodal formula method.	CO2	PO3	10																											
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		UNIT - V																														
9	a)	Discuss detailed specifications required for earthwork excavation in the foundation.	CO3	PO2	10																											
	b)	Workout from first principles, the rate analysis for Burnt Brick Masonry in cement mortar 1:3	CO3	PO2	10																											
		OR																														
10	a)	Discuss detailed specifications required for brickwork (Class-1) in CM 1:6.	CO3	PO2	10																											
	b)	Workout from first principles, the rate analysis for Random Rubble Stone Masonry in cement mortar 1:6. Consider rate of cement – Rs. 400.00/bag and sand – Rs. 1500.00/cum.	CO3	PO2	10																											

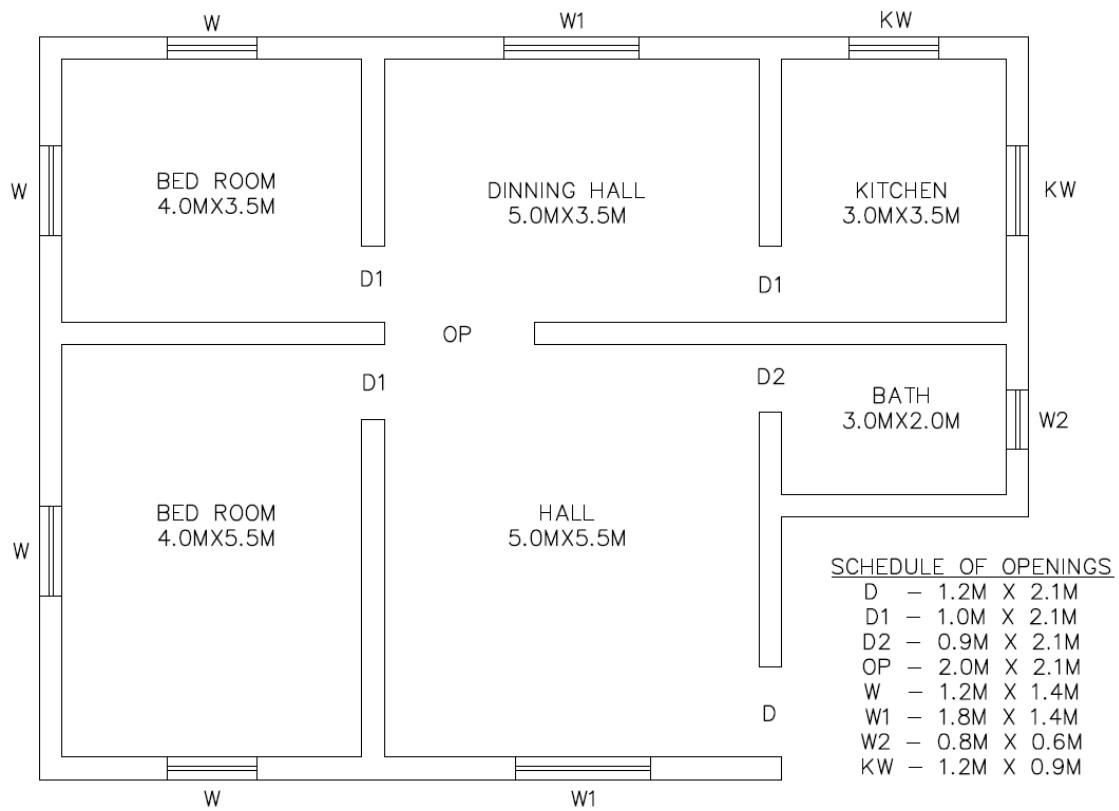
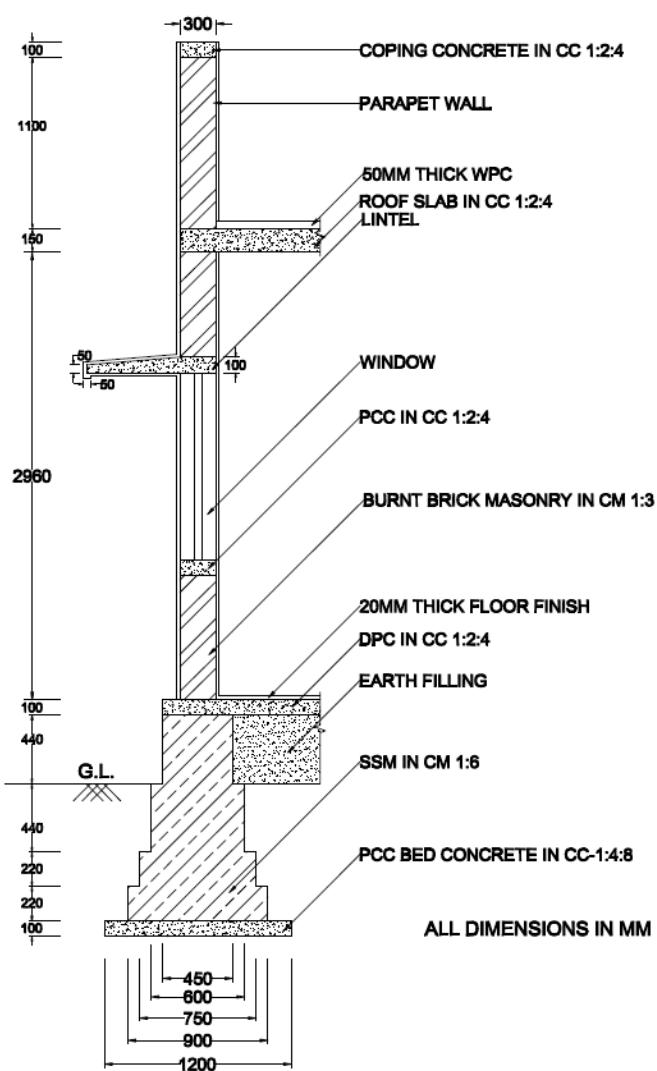
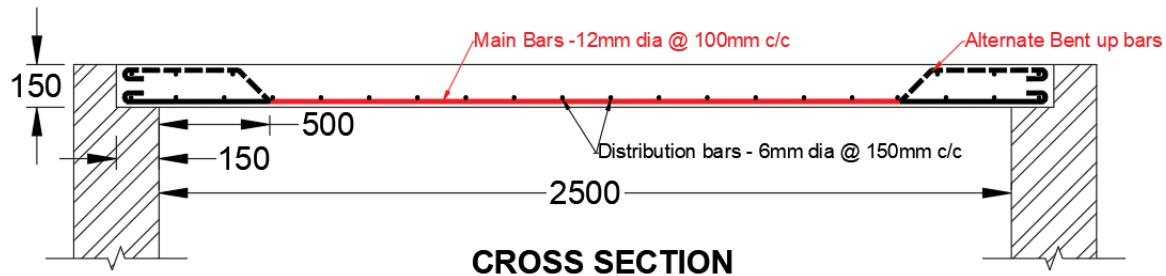
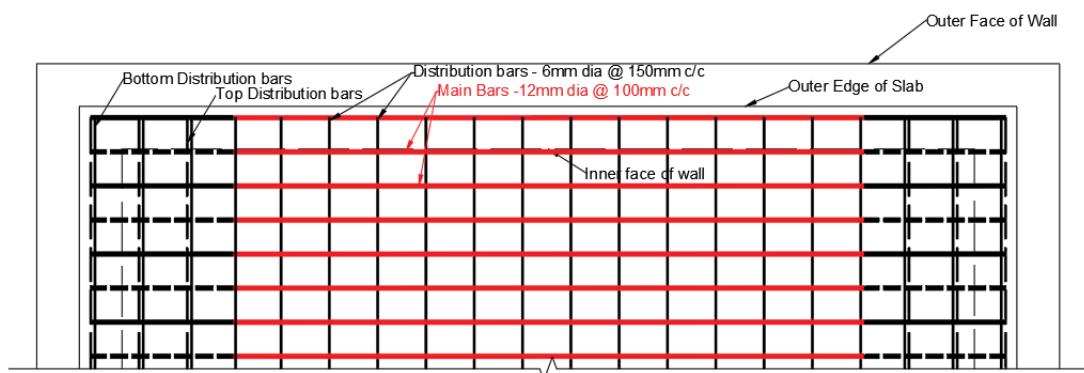


Figure - 1



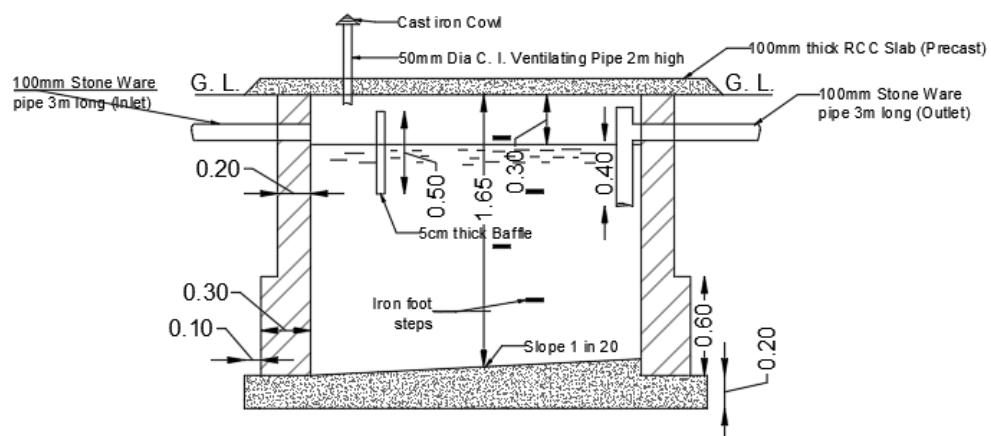


CROSS SECTION

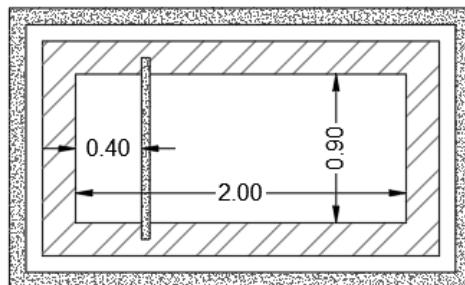


PART PLAN SHOWING ARRANGEMENT OF REINFORCEMENT BARS

Figure – 2



SECTION



PLAN

Figure – 3

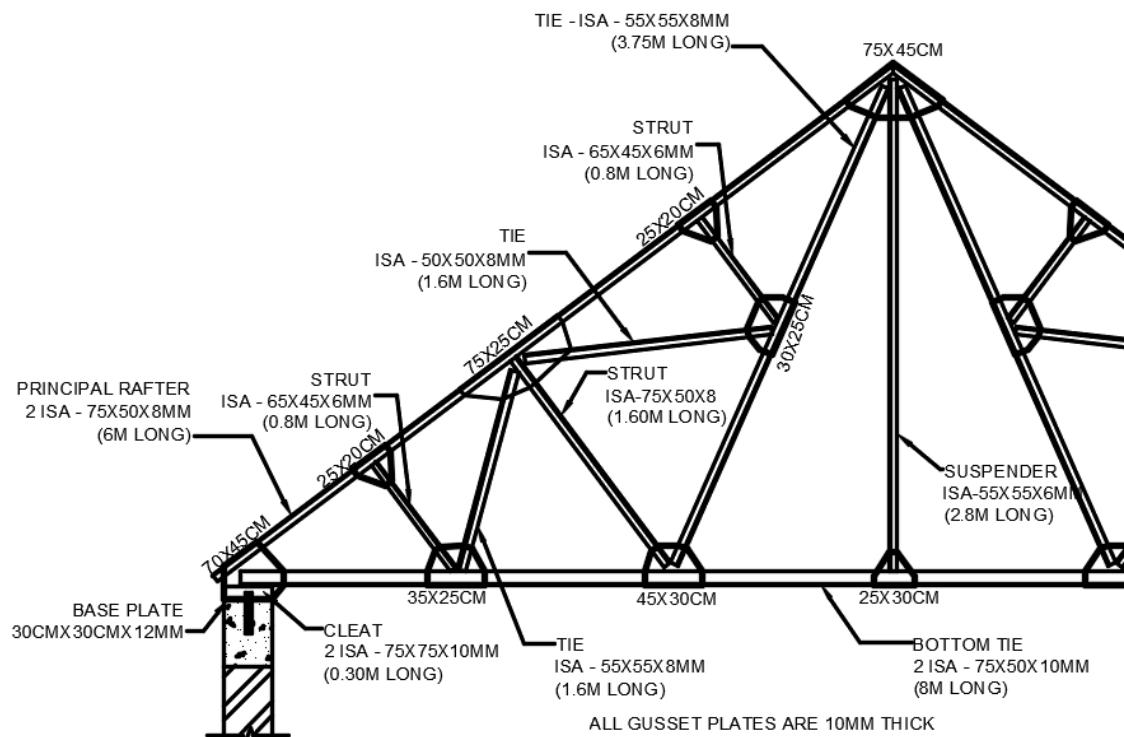


Figure – 4
