

# B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

## September / October 2023 Semester End Main Examinations

**Programme: B.E.**

**Branch: Electrical and Electronics Engineering**

**Course Code: 22EE1ESIEE / 22EE2ESIEE**

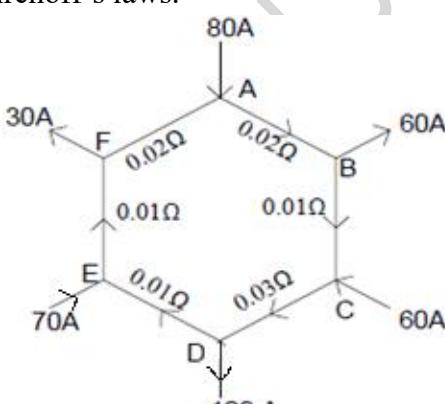
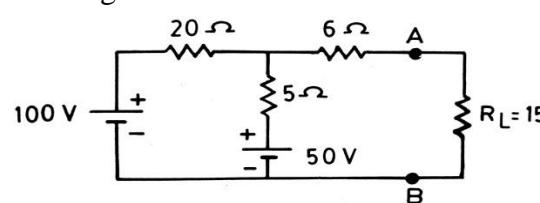
**Course: Introduction to Electrical Engineering**

**Semester: I / II**

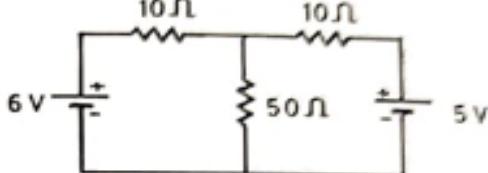
**Duration: 3 hrs.**

**Max Marks: 100**

**Instructions:** 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.  
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

UNIT - I			CO	PO	Marks
1	a)	With a neat schematic diagram explain working of solar power plant.	CO3	PO6	<b>06</b>
	b)	With a neat single line diagram explain general structure of electrical power system.	CO3	PO6	<b>06</b>
	c)	Determine the current in all branches of the network shown in fig.1.c. using Kirchoff's laws.	CO2	PO2	<b>08</b>
 fig.1.c.					
UNIT - II					
2	a)	Arrive at the expression for energy stored in an inductor.	CO1	PO1	<b>06</b>
	b)	Using the principle of superposition theorem, determine the current in 15 Ohms resistor connected between A and B in the circuit shown in Fig. 2.b.	CO2	PO2	<b>07</b>
	c)	 Fig. 2.b.	CO1	PO1	<b>07</b>

**Important Note:** Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.

<b>OR</b>					
3	a)	State and explain superposition theorem with suitable example.	CO1	PO1	<b>07</b>
	b)	Applying the principle of Thevenin's theorem, determine the current through $50\Omega$ resistor for the circuit shown in Fig.3.b.	CO2	PO2	<b>07</b>
					
		Fig .3.b.			
	c)	Define the following terms : a) Statically induced e.m.f. b) dynamically induced e.m.f. c) Co-efficient of coupling.	CO1	PO1	<b>06</b>
<b>UNIT - III</b>					
4	a)	A series RLC circuit is supplied with an AC voltage at a frequency of $f$ Hz. Derive an expression for the current for the following conditions (i) $X_L = X_C$ (ii) $X_L > X_C$ (iii) $X_L < X_C$	CO2	PO2	<b>07</b>
	b)	Justify that the current in a purely capacitive circuit leads the applied voltage by $90^\circ$ . Draw relevant waveform and phasor diagram.	CO2	PO2	<b>07</b>
	c)	Define the following: (i) Peak value (ii) RMS value (iii) Form factor.	CO1	PO1	<b>06</b>
<b>UNIT - IV</b>					
5	a)	Arrive at an expression for torque developed by the DC motor.	CO1	PO1	<b>07</b>
	b)	A 200 kVA transformer has an efficiency of 98% at full load. If the maximum efficiency occurs at $3/4$ th of its full load, find its iron loss and full load copper loss. Consider pf of the load as 0.8.	CO2	PO2	<b>08</b>
	c)	Explain DC shunt motor with suitable circuit and expressions. Also mention its applications.	CO1	PO1	<b>05</b>
<b>OR</b>					
6	a)	Derive an e.m.f equation of a transformer.	CO1	PO1	<b>07</b>
	b)	A 500V DC shunt motor has 4 poles and wave connected winding with 492 conductors. The total flux is 0.2wb. Full load line current is 20A. The armature and shunt field resistances are $0.1\Omega$ and $250\Omega$ respectively. Calculate the speed of the motor and gross torque developed by the armature.	CO2	PO2	<b>08</b>
	c)	Explain the types of losses that occur in a transformer.	CO1	PO1	<b>05</b>
<b>UNIT - V</b>					
7	a)	With a neat block diagram explain different parts of an electric vehicles.	CO3	PO6	<b>08</b>
	b)	What is earthing? With a neat diagram explain pipe earthing.	CO3	PO6	<b>08</b>
	c)	Differentiate between Fuse and MCB.	CO3	PO6	<b>04</b>