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B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

June 2025 Semester End Main Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Branch: Electrical & Electronics Engineering

Course Code: 22EE5PCPSP

Course: POWER SYSTEM PROTECTION

Semester: V

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 100

Instructions: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

UNIT - I			CO	PO	Marks	
Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.	1	a)	Explain the cut-off characteristics and time-current characteristics of a fuse.	CO1	PO1	06
		b)	Draw and explain the working of HRC fuse.	CO1	PO1	06
		c)	A 50 cycles, 3 phase alternator with grounded neutral has inductance of 1.6mH per phase and is connected to busbar through a circuit breaker. The capacitance to earth between the alternator and the C.B is $0.003\ \mu\text{F}$ per phase. The C.B opens when rms Value of current is 7500A . Determine i) R.R.R.V ii) Max RRRV iii) Time for max RRRV iv) Frequency of oscillation Neglect first pole to clear factor.	CO1	PO2	08
OR						
Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.	2	a)	With neat sketch, explain different zones of protection in power system.	CO1	PO1	06
		b)	Discuss the recovery rate and energy balance theory of arc interruption in AC circuits.	CO1	PO1	06
		c)	For a 132kV system, the reactance and capacitance upto the location of circuit breaker is 3Ω and $0.015\mu\text{F}$ respectively. Calculate the following: i) The Frequency of oscillation. ii) The maximum value of Restriking Voltage across the contacts of the Circuit breaker. iii) The maximum value of RRRV.	CO1	PO2	08
UNIT - II						
Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.	3	a)	Derive the torque equation of electromagnetic relay.	CO2	PO2	10
		b)	With neat sketch, explain the construction and working of SF_6 breaker.	CO2	PO1	10
OR						

	4	a)	With neat sketch, explain the construction and working principal of directional electromagnetic relay.	CO2	PO1	10
		b)	With neat sketch, explain the construction and working of plain oil circuit breaker.	CO2	PO1	10
	UNIT - III					
5	a)	With a help of general equation derive the expression of a phase (cosine) comparator.	CO2	PO2	10	
	b)	Explain the block diagram of a static relay.	CO2	PO1	10	
	OR					
6	a)	With the help of Basic principles derive the general equation of a static relay	CO2	PO2	10	
	b)	Explain briefly the principle of duality as applied to static relay. With the help of block diagram and waveform, explain the working of co-incidence of two sinusoidal input type phase comparator	CO2	PO2	10	
	UNIT - IV					
7	a)	Explain the working of gas operated Buchholz relay used for the protection of transformers. State its limitations and advantages.	CO3	PO1	10	
	b)	Illustrate with neat diagram, working of a Merz-Price biased differential scheme for generator protection.	CO3	PO1	10	
	OR					
8	a)	With the help of diagram, explain the basic operation, torque equation and operating characteristics of an Impedance relay.	CO3	PO2	10	
	b)	Mention various types of faults in a transformer and explain briefly	CO3	PO2	10	
	UNIT - V					
9	a)	List the merits and demerits of digital relay.	CO4	PO1	10	
	b)	With neat block diagram, explain digital relay.	CO4	PO1	10	
	OR					
10	a)	Explain i) Adaptive relaying ii) tripping mechanism of relay.	CO4	PO2	10	
	b)	What are the different relay algorithms? Explain pure sinusoidal relaying signal algorithm.	CO4	PO2	10	
