

# B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

## July 2023 Semester End Main Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Branch: Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Course Code: 19EE6PCMCT

Course: Modern Control Theory

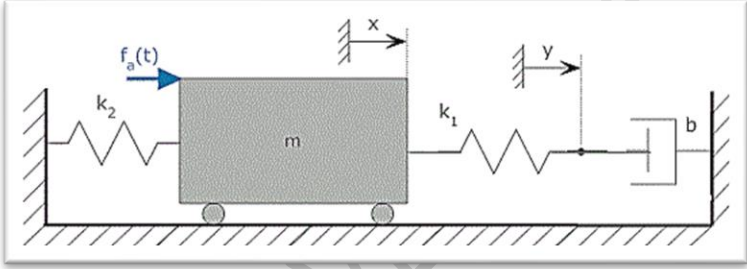
Semester: VI

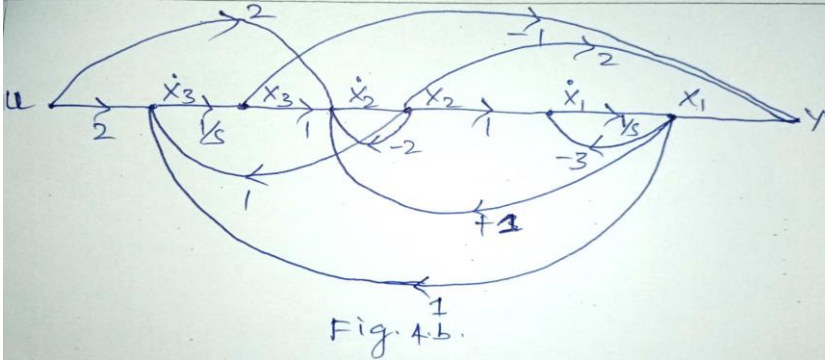
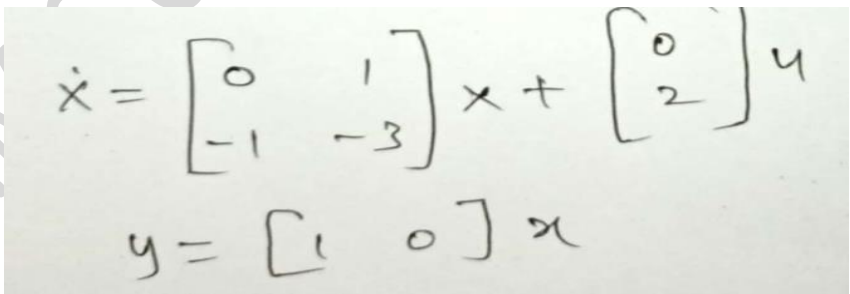
Duration: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 100

Date: 12.07.2023

**Instructions:** 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.  
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.			UNIT - I	CO	PO	Marks
	1	a)	List the draw backs of the transfer function model.	CO1	PO1	04
		b)	 <p>Fig 1b)</p> <p>Derive the state space model of the system shown in Fig 1b). The input is <math>f_a</math> and the output is <math>y</math>.</p>	CO1	PO1	06
		c)	A feedback system has a closed loop transfer function given by $\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{(s+2)(s+3)}{s(s+1)(s^2+9s+20)}$ . Obtain the state models for this system in (i) direct decomposition method. ii) Akermann's Formulae.	CO1	PO1	10
			UNIT - II			
	2	a)	System matrix A is given as $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ Obtain the modal matrix, find $M^{-1}AM$ and comment on its nature.	CO1	PO2	10
		b)	State any six properties of state transition matrix and also define Eigen Values, Eigen Vectors with an example.	CO1	PO2	10
			UNIT - III			
	3	a)	Check the controllability and observability of the following representation using Kalman's test. $\dot{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} x(t) + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u; y = [1 \quad 1 \quad 0] x(t).$	CO2	PO3	10

	b)	<p>Consider a system defined by</p> $\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} u$ <p>It is desired to place eigen values at <math>s = -3</math> and <math>s = -5</math> by using state feedback control <math>u = -kx</math>. Determine the feedback gain matrix <math>K</math>. Apply i) Direct substitution method ii) Ackermann's Formulae.</p>	CO2	PO3	10
		<b>OR</b>			
4	a)	<p>Consider the system described by the transfer function</p> $\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{s + 2}{s^3 + 9s^2 + 24s + 20}$ <p>Obtain controllable canonical form and check its observability</p>	CO2	PO3	10
	b)	<p>Use Controllability and Observability matrices to determine whether the system represented by the signal flow graph in Fig.4.b is completely controllable and observable.</p>  <p>Fig. 4.b.</p>	CO2	PO3	10
		<b>UNIT - IV</b>			
5	a)	<p>It is desired to place the closed loop poles of the following system at <math>S = -3</math> and <math>S = -4</math> by a state feedback controller with the control <math>u = -kx</math>. Determine the state feedback gain matrix using all the methods.</p> 	CO2	PO3	10
	b)	Prove that the necessary and sufficient condition for arbitrary pole placement in a system is completely state controllable.	CO2	PO3	10
		<b>UNIT - V</b>			
6	a)	<p>Discuss the following as applied to non linear systems:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Frequency amplitude dependence</li> <li>(ii) Jump resonance</li> <li>(iii) Limit cycles</li> </ul>	CO3	PO3	10

		b)	Determine the kind of singularity for each of the following for each of the differential equations (i) $\ddot{y} + 3\dot{y} + 2y = 0$ (ii) $\ddot{x} + 0.5\dot{x} + 2x = 0$	CO3	PO3	10
			<b>OR</b>			
7	a)		Discuss the following as applied to physical systems: (i) Saturation (ii) Friction (iii) Backlash (iv) Relay nonlinearity	CO3	PO3	12
	b)		Describe in detail Isocline method for construction of Phase Trajectory with an example.	CO3	PO3	08

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B.M.S.C.E. - EVEN SEM 2022-23