

U.S.N.

# B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

## January / February 2025 Semester End Main Examinations

**Programme: B.E.**

**Branch: Electrical and Electronics Engineering**

**Course Code: 19EE7CE2PQ**

**Course: ELECTRICAL POWER QUALITY**

**Semester: VII**

**Duration: 3 hrs.**

**Max Marks: 100**

**Instructions:** 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.  
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

<b>Important Note:</b> Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.			<b>UNIT - I</b>	<i>CO</i>	<i>PO</i>	<b>Marks</b>
	1	a)	Define Distributed Generation according to IEEE. What are the advantages and disadvantages of Distributed Generation.	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	<b>05</b>
		b)	Write a detailed note on IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) 61000 series of standards.	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	<b>05</b>
		c)	Through ITIC curves, explain steady-state tolerances and Low-Frequency Decaying Ring wave	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	<b>05</b>
		d)	How the Power Quality Problems are classified based on its events? Write a short note.	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	<b>05</b>
			<b>OR</b>			
	2	a)	Explain how power quality problems impact the performance that affect the users	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	<b>05</b>
		b)	How IEEE 519 sets limits on harmonic distortion and IEEE 1250 guides for service to equipment sensitive to momentary voltage disturbances.	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	<b>05</b>
		c)	Illustrate a typical CBEMA curve, showing how it maps voltage deviations against time duration to determine the equipment sensitivity.	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	<b>05</b>
		d)	What the power quality issues in Distributed generation. Explain any one in detail.	<i>CO1</i>	<i>PO1</i>	<b>05</b>
			<b>UNIT - II</b>			
	3	a)	Write a short note on Power-Frequency Control in a power system? How it affects its power quality?	<i>CO2</i>	<i>PO1</i>	<b>05</b>
		b)	What is risk of under frequency Tripping?	<i>CO2</i>	<i>PO1</i>	<b>05</b>
		c)	What is Spinning reserve?	<i>CO2</i>	<i>PO1</i>	<b>05</b>
		d)	Elaborate on how Time deviation of clocks can alter power quality of a power system.	<i>CO2</i>	<i>PO1</i>	<b>05</b>
			<b>OR</b>			
	4	a)	What is Over frequency tripping? How to avoid this tripping?			<b>05</b>

	b)	Explain any two key aspects in power balance of the power system			<b>05</b>
	c)	How do the variations in the speed of the motors, connected as loads in power systems, affect the power quality?			<b>05</b>
	d)	Explain how variations in voltage and frequency affect the performance and operation of electrical equipment.			<b>05</b>
		<b>UNIT – III</b>			
5	a)	Differentiate between Harmonics and Transients in power quality analysis	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	b)	What are triplen harmonics? Why Triplen Harmonics are Troublesome?	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	c)	What are the disturbances coming under the term waveform distortion? Explain any one with neat figures.	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	d)	What are the causes and effects of the power quality problems caused by the Short and Long duration voltage variations	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
		<b>OR</b>			
6	a)	Define Harmonics and classify them with respect to its order.	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	b)	Write a short note on Voltage Sag and the factors that cause voltage sag.	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	c)	What is Overvoltage and Undervoltage? What are the causes for these voltage variations?	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	d)	Explain voltage imbalance and voltage fluctuations	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
		<b>UNIT – IV</b>			
7	a)	Interpret the Effect of harmonics distortions on Capacitors	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	b)	Zig-Zag transformers are used in controlling harmonic distortions. Is this statement true? Justify your answer.	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	c)	Determine the k rating of a transformer required to carry a load consisting of 200A of fundamental 100A of third harmonics 75A of fifth harmonics and 42A of seventh harmonics	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	d)	Give a brief explanation about the single-phase power supply as commercial loads.	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
		<b>OR</b>			
8	a)	Discuss the impact of harmonic distortion on Transformers	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	b)	Consider a circuit which draws 12A of current at a voltage of 440V and at a power factor of 0.7 lagging. Calculate its active power, reactive power and apparent power.	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	c)	With the help of magnetic ballast and electronic ballast, briefly explain about Fluorescent lighting	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	d)	Discuss the reasons of grounding.	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
		<b>UNIT – V</b>			
9	a)	Differentiate between Active Power Filters and Passive Power Filters	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	b)	Explain how Multimeters are used to measure power quality?	CO1	PO2	<b>05</b>

	c)	Categorize and provide explanations for nonlinear loads, distinguishing between Solid State and Non-Solid-State types, accompanied by clear illustrations.	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	d)	Write a brief note on Disturbance analyzers	CO1	PO2	<b>05</b>
		<b>OR</b>			
10	a)	Explain the working principle of a flicker meter and how it measures voltage fluctuations that cause flicker	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	b)	Classify non-linear loads based on the usage of converter. Explain any one in details with neat diagrams.	CO1	PO2	<b>05</b>
	c)	Explain the importance of harmonic filtering in maintain power quality and protecting equipment from damage due to harmonic distortion.	CO2	PO2	<b>05</b>
	d)	Write a brief note on wiring and grounding testers.	CO1	PO2	<b>05</b>

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