

B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

October 2024 Supplementary Examinations**Programme: B.E.****Branch: Electronics and Communication Engineering****Course Code: 23EC4PCAIC****Course: Analog Integrated Circuits****Semester: IV****Duration: 3 hrs.****Max Marks: 100**

Instructions: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.			UNIT – I	CO	PO	Marks
	1	a)	Discussing the concept of virtual short, derive an expression for the gain of a non-inverting amplifier.	CO1	-	6
		b)	Derive an expression for the gain of an instrumentation Amplifier.	CO2	PO1	8
		c)	Explain the working of a Sample and Hold circuit with relevant waveforms.	CO2	PO1	6
			OR			
	2	a)	Define the following parameters of OP-Amps, also specifying their ideal and typical practical values (i) PSRR (ii) CMRR (iii) Slew Rate	CO1	-	6
		b)	Explain the working of a full-wave precision rectifier circuit.	CO2	PO1	8
		c)	Design a voltage to current converter to drive a floating load of $R_L = 200 \Omega$ with a constant current of 10 mA.	CO4	PO3	6
			UNIT – II			
	3	a)	Design a Schmitt trigger for $UTP = +5V$ and hysteresis = 0.40 V. Assume the OP-Amp to be powered by a $\pm 15V$ power supply.	CO4	PO3	8
		b)	Implement an Op-Amp based monostable multivibrator to obtain a pulse of width $T_p = 5.0$ ms.	CO2	PO1	6
		c)	Design a Wien bridge oscillator for a frequency of 2.0 kHz, and an approximate peak-to-peak output voltage of 26V.	CO4	PO3	6
			UNIT - III			
	4	a)	Design a voltage regulator using LM723 to obtain $V_o = 20V$ and a load current of $I_{o_max} = 1000$ mA.	CO4	PO3	6

	b)	Discuss to contrast the working principles and features of linear power supplies with switch-mode power supplies.	<i>CO1</i>	-	6
	c)	Design a II – order Butterworth low-pass filter for a cut-off frequency of 1.0 kHz, and obtain its frequency response. Assume the damping coefficient $\alpha = 1.414$.	<i>CO4</i>	<i>PO3</i>	8
		UNIT – IV			
5	a)	Consider a 4-bit example and using suitable circuit analysis for a minimum of 2 nodes in the ladder, discuss how digital to analog voltage conversion is achieved using an R-2R ladder DAC.	<i>CO2</i>	<i>PO1</i>	12
	b)	Discuss the working principle of a counter-type of ADC with suitable timing diagrams to show that the digital count is proportional to the analog input voltage.	<i>CO2</i>	<i>PO1</i>	8
		OR			
6	a)	Analyze the working of 3-bit parallel comparator (Flash) ADC with circuit diagram and truth table.	<i>CO 3</i>	<i>PO 2</i>	10
	b)	Discuss the working principle of a 4-bit successive approximation ADC, assuming $V_{REF} = 10.0V$ when $V_{in} = 6.50V$.	<i>CO 3</i>	<i>PO 2</i>	10
		UNIT – V			
7	a)	With the help of a functional block diagram, explain the pin-functions of the 555 timer.	<i>CO3</i>	<i>PO2</i>	8
	b)	Design an astable multivibrator using 555 timer to obtain a rectangular waveform at $f_o = 2 \text{ kHz}$, and duty cycle = 70 %. Assume $C=0.1\mu F$.	<i>CO4</i>	<i>PO3</i>	6
	c)	Explain the principle of operation of a Phase-locked loop with a block diagram.	<i>CO3</i>	<i>PO2</i>	6
