

**B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019**

**Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU**

# June 2025 Semester End Main Examinations

**Programme: B.E.**

**Branch: Electronics and Communication Engineering**

**Course Code: 22EC7PCWCN**

**Course: Wireless Communication and Networks**

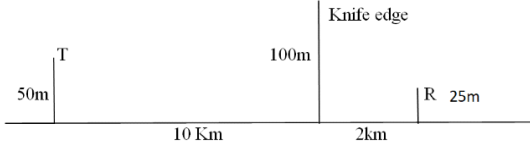
**Semester: VII**

**Duration: 3 hrs.**

**Max Marks: 100**

Instructions: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.  
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

<b>Important Note:</b> Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.			<b>UNIT - I</b>	<i>CO</i>	<i>PO</i>	Marks
	1	a)	Describe the operation of Mobile IP with the help of a schematic diagram.	<i>CO 1</i>	-	<b>8</b>
		b)	Discuss the features of Wi-Fi and Bluetooth technologies.	<i>CO 2</i>	PO 1	<b>6</b>
		c)	Write the evolution of 2G to 5G with respect to data rate and applications.	<i>CO 2</i>	PO 1	<b>6</b>
			<b>OR</b>			
	2	a)	Describe the architecture of GSM mobile communication with the help of a clear block diagram.	<i>CO 1</i>	-	<b>8</b>
		b)	How is the handoff process implemented in GSM, and what are its types and significance in ensuring seamless communication?	<i>CO 2</i>	PO 1	<b>6</b>
		c)	Compare FDMA, TDMA, and CDMA multiple access techniques	<i>CO 2</i>	PO 1	<b>6</b>
			<b>UNIT - II</b>			
	3	a)	What are the different ways of improving capacity in cellular systems?	<i>CO 2</i>	PO 1	<b>8</b>
		b)	If a signal to interference ratio of 15dB is required for satisfactory forward channel performance of a cellular system, what is the frequency reuse factor and cluster size that should be used for maximum capacity if the path loss exponent is (a) n=4. (b) = 3? Assume that there are 6 co-channels cell in the first tier, and all of them are at the same distance from the mobile. Assume N=7.	<i>CO 2</i>	PO 1	<b>4</b>
		c)	Discuss various channel assignment strategies used in cellular network.	<i>CO 2</i>	PO 1	<b>8</b>
			<b>OR</b>			

4	a)	Distinguish between co channel and adjacent channel interference with an example.	CO 2	PO 1	7
	b)	If a total of 33 MHz of bandwidth is allocated to a particular FDD cellular telephone system which uses two 25KHz simplex channels to provide full duplex voice and control channels, compute the number of channels available per cell if a system uses a) 4-cell reuse b) 7 –cell reuse and c) 12-cell reuse. If 1 MHz of the allocated spectrum is dedicated to control channels, determine an equitable distribution of control channels and voice channels in each cell for each of the three systems.	CO 2	PO 1	7
	c)	Illustrate the concept of cellular frequency reuse for a cluster size of N equal to 7.	CO 2	PO 1	6
		<b>UNIT - III</b>			
5	a)	Explain with the diagram two ray Ground Reflection model and write the relevant expression for total electric field.	CO 3	PO 2	10
	b)	Calculate the following parameters. i) Transmitter power in dB. ii) Power at the receiver in dB iii) Pathloss in dB if height of transmitting antenna is 35meters and receiving antenna is 3 meters.  Assuming free space propagation and a receiver is located 10 km from a 50 W transmitter. The carrier frequency is 900 MHz, antenna gain at transmitter and receiver is $G_t = 1\text{dB}$ , and $G_r = 1\text{dB}$ .	CO 2	PO 1	10
		<b>OR</b>			
6	a)	Explain the Okumara and Hata Model. List applications where these models are applicable	CO 3	PO 2	10
	b)	For the geometry shown in figure 6b determine a) the loss due to knife-edge diffraction and b) the height of the obstacle required to induce 6 dB diffraction loss. Assume $f = 900\text{ MHz}$ .  	CO 2	PO 1	10
		<b>UNIT - IV</b>			
7	a)	Explain the architecture of LTE with a neat diagram and state functionalities of all elements	CO 2	PO 1	10
	b)	Explain with neat transmitter structure of OFDMA in 4G system	CO 2	PO 1	10

			<b>OR</b>			
	8	a)	Explain the LTE frame structure and indicate number of subcarriers and bandwidth of subcarrier	CO 2	PO 1	<b>10</b>
		b)	Explain the downlink transmission and reception process in the evolution of LTE to 4G	CO 2	PO 1	<b>10</b>
			<b>UNIT - V</b>			
	9	a)	List the Requirements and key performance indicators of 5G	CO 2	PO 1	<b>10</b>
		b)	Explain with neat structure 5G core Service-Based Architecture	CO 2	PO 1	<b>10</b>
			<b>OR</b>			
	10	a)	Explain Device to Device and Mobile to Mobile application in 5G	CO 2	PO 1	<b>10</b>
		b)	Discuss the need for i) Multi RAT ii) small cells in 5G	CO 2	PO1	<b>10</b>

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REAPPEAR EXAMS 2020