

# B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

## September / October 2023 Semester End Main Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Branch: Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering

Course Code: 22ET4PCSSD

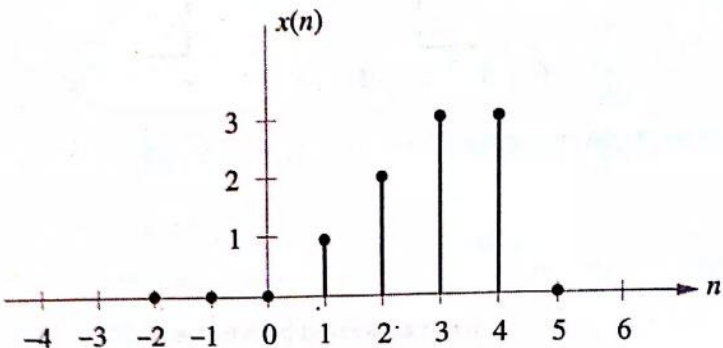
Course: Signal and Systems: Digital

Semester: IV

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 100

**Instructions:** 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.  
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.			<b>UNIT - I</b>	<b>CO</b>	<b>PO</b>	<b>Marks</b>
	1	a)	Classify the signals with an example each	CO1	PO1	06
		b)	State and prove sampling theorem for low pass signal	CO1	PO1	08
		c)	For the signal shown below 	CO1	PO1	06
			Sketch (i) $x(n-2)$ (ii) $x(2n)$ (iii) $x(-n)$			
			<b>UNIT - II</b>			
	2	a)	An impulse response of an LTI system is given by $h(n) = (0.5)^n u(n)$ Test the system for memory, causality, and stability	CO2	PO2	06
		b)	Convolute the following signals $x_1(n) = (\alpha)^n u(n)$ and $x_2(n) = (\beta)^n u(n)$ i) $\alpha = \beta, n \geq 0$ ii) $\alpha \neq \beta, n \geq 0$	CO2	PO2	10
		c)	Find the circular convolution of $x(n) = \{1, 2, 1\}$ and $y(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$	CO2	PO2	04
			<b>UNIT - III</b>			
	3	a)	Find the output of a filter whose impulse response is $h(n) = \{1, 1, 1\}$ and the input signal is $x(n) = \{3, -1, 0, 1, 3, 2, 0, 1, 2, 1\}$ using overlap save method.	CO2	PO2	08

	b)	Find the 8-point DFT of the following sequence $x(n) = \{0.707, 1, 0.707, 0, -0.707, -1, -0.707, 0\}$	CO2	PO2	08
	c)	Find the IDFT of the sequence $X(k) = \{0, 2, 0, 2\}$ using DIT-IFFT algorithm.	CO2	PO2	04
		<b>UNIT - IV</b>			
4	a)	Design a lowpass digital filter that will have a -3dB cutoff at $30\pi$ rad/sec and an attenuation of 50dB at $45\pi$ rad/sec. The filter is required to have a linear phase and the system will use a sampling rate of 100 samples/second.	CO3	PO3	10
	b)	Describe the procedure of designing FIR filters using frequency sampling method.	CO3	PO3	06
	c)	Find the impulse response for the following system $y(n)-0.5y(n-1)=x(n)$ . Also draw the pole zero plot	CO2	PO2	04
		<b>OR</b>			
5	a)	Derive the expression for system function if the unit sample response $h(n)$ is obtained using frequency sampling technique.	CO3	PO3	10
	b)	Draw the linear phase structure for the following impulse response $h(n)=\{1, 0.5, -0.25, 0.5, 1\}$	CO2	PO2	06
	c)	With relevant equations explain the properties of FIR filters	CO2	PO2	04
		<b>UNIT - V</b>			
6	a)	Design a second order lowpass digital butter worth filter with cut off frequency of 1kHz and sampling frequency of 10,000 samples/sec by bilinear transformation.	CO3	PO3	10
	b)	Draw the direct form I structure for the filter $y(n)-0.75y(n-1)+0.125y(n-2)=x(n)+0.5x(n-1)$	CO2	PO2	04
	c)	Describe the wavelet transform with respect to denoising applications	CO2	PO2	06
		<b>OR</b>			
7	a)	Determine the order and poles of a Butterworth filter that has 3 dB bandwidth of 1000 Hz and an attenuation of 20 dB at 2000 Hz. Find the system function $H(z)$ by bilinear transformation using $T=1/10,000$	CO3	PO3	10
	b)	Draw the direct form II structure for the filter $y(n)-0.75y(n-1)+0.125y(n-2)=x(n)+0.5x(n-1)$	CO2	PO2	04
	c)	Explain in detail image compression techniques	CO2	PO2	06

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