

U.S.N.

B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

January / February 2025 Semester End Main Examinations**Programme: B.E.****Branch: Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering****Course Code: 22ET6PCTLA****Course: Transmission Lines and Antennas****Semester: VI****Duration: 3 hrs.****Max Marks: 100**

Instructions: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.			UNIT - I	CO	PO	Marks
	1	a)	Derive transmission line equations and its solution at microwave frequency	CO2	PO1	06
		b)	Derive an expression for the reflection and transmission coefficient in terms of characteristic impedance Z_0 and load impedance Z_L .	CO1	PO1	06
		c)	A parallel wire transmission line is having the following line parameters at 5kHz. Series resistance $R=2.59 \times 10^{-3} \Omega/m$, series inductance $=2 \mu H/m$ shunt conductance $G=0 \mu/m$ and capacitance between conductors $C=5.56 nF/m$. Find the characteristic impedance, attenuation constant, phase shift constant, velocity of propagation and wavelength.	CO1	PO1	08
			OR			
	2	a)	What quantity is reflection factor used to measure? Derive an expression for reflection factor.	CO2	PO1	06
		b)	A lossless transmission line with Characteristic impedance of 60Ω is 400meters long. It is terminated with load $Z_L = (40 + j80) \Omega$ and operated at frequency 1MHz. The velocity of the wave is 2.4×10^8 m/sec. Find:(i) Reflection coefficient (ii) VSWR (iii) Input impedance	CO2	PO1	08
		c)	The characteristic impedance of a transmission line is 8039.5Ω at a frequency of 8000 Hz. At this frequency the propagation constant was found to be $0.154 \angle 90^\circ$. Determine the value of line constant R, L, G and C.	CO2	PO1	06
			UNIT - II			
	3	a)	Derive the expressions for parameters of open wire at high frequencies	CO2	PO2	06
		b)	A load impedance of $Z=60-80j \Omega$ is required to be matched to a 50Ω coaxial line, by a short circuited stub of length 'l' located at	CO2	PO2	08

		a distance of 'd' from the load. The wavelength of operation is 1metre. Using Smith chart find 'd' and 'l'?			
	c)	Justify that a short-circuited line is a pure resistive quantity	CO2	PO2	06
		OR			
4	a)	An-air filled dissipationless co-axial line having a characteristic impedance of 525Ω is terminated in an unknown load impedance Z_R .The first voltage minima and maxima were observed to be 24cm and 50cm respectively,from the load end.If the VSWR was 2.5 find wavelength and frequency of the travelling wave,Phase and magnitude of reflection co-efficient and terminated load impedance.	CO2	PO2	07
	b)	A loss-less transmission line with $Z_0=60\Omega$ is 400m long.It is terminated with a load $Z_R=(40+j80)\Omega$ and operated at a frequency of 1MHz.The velocity of the wave on the line is 0.8 times the velocity of light.Using Smith chart,find the reflection coefficient,SWR and input impedance.	CO2	PO2	10
	c)	Using Smith chart,convert the following normalized impedances into normalized admittances. i)0.3+j0.4, (ii)1.2-j0.6 and (iii) 2+j0.5	CO2	PO2	03
		UNIT - III			
5	a)	Prove that directivity for a source with unidirectional pattern of $U=U_m \cos n\theta$, where ' n ' can be any number, can be expressed as $D= 2(n+1)$.	CO3	PO3	06
	b)	Obtain an expression and draw the field pattern for an array of 2 isotropic sources with same amplitude and opposite phase spaced $\lambda/2$ apart.	CO3	PO3	06
	c)	Develop Friis Transmission formula for radio communication link. An antenna has field pattern given by $U=U_m \sin\theta \sin 3\Phi$ for $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$, $0 \leq \Phi \leq \pi$. Find the beam area and directivity	CO3	PO3	08
		OR			
6	a)	Derive the expression to show the relation between the directivity and effective aperture. Hence obtain the effective aperture of an isotropic antenna.	CO2	PO1	06
	b)	Obtain the far field pattern of linear uniform array of isotropic sources with following requirements. $N=4$, $d= \lambda/2$, $\delta= - \pi$. Also find HPBW and FNBW	CO3	PO3	06
	c)	Explain radiation intensity and beam efficiency. An antenna has field pattern given by $P=P_m \sin 2\theta \sin 3\Phi$ for $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$, $0 \leq \Phi \leq \pi$. Find the beam area and directivity.	CO3	PO3	08
		UNIT - IV			
7	a)	Obtain the expression for radiation resistance of Short dipole	CO3	PO3	06
	b)	Obtain the expression for radiation resistance of loop antenna	CO3	PO3	06
	c)	A half-wave dipole working at 100 MHz in free space radiates a power of 1000 Watts. Find the field strength at a distance of 10km in the direction of maximum radiation	CO2	PO1	08

			OR			
8	a)	Obtain the expression for instantaneous electric field at a large distance 'r' from a loop antenna of radius 'a'.	CO2	PO1	06	
	b)	An omni directional antenna has a field pattern given by $E=10I/r$ (V/m) where I is the terminal current(A) and r is the distance(m).Find the radiation resistance.	CO2	PO1	06	
	c)	A dipole antenna of length 5cm is operated at a frequency of 100MHz with terminal current $I_0=120\text{mA}$.At time $t=1\text{sec}$,angle $\theta=45^\circ$ and distance=3m,find H_ϕ , E_r and E_θ	CO3	PO3	08	
		UNIT - V				
9	a)	Explain Infinite and finite biconical antennas,	CO3	PO3	08	
	b)	Explain Rumsey's Principle the frequency-independent Planar log spiral antenna,	CO3	PO3	06	
	c)	Analyze the working of log periodic antenna with relevant equations.	CO3	PO3	06	
		OR				
10	a)	Write an explanatory note on (i) Log periodic antenna and (ii) log spiral antenna	CO2	PO1	10	
	b)	Write a note on disk cones and bow ties.	CO2	PO1	06	
	c)	What is the bandwidth if $d=4\text{mm}$ and $D=100\text{mm}$ in the below given figure.	CO3	PO3	04	
						
