

B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

May 2023 Semester End Main Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Branch: MD / EIE

Course Code: 22ES3PCAME

Course: Analog Micro Electronics

Semester: III

Duration: 3 hrs.

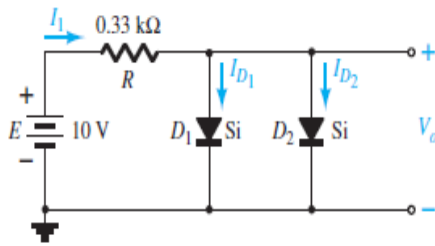
Max Marks: 100

Date: 08.05.2023

Instructions: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

UNIT - I

- 1 a) Determine V_o , I_1 , I_{D1} and I_{D2} for the parallel diode configuration shown 05



- b) For the circuit shown in Fig.1, determine the transfer characteristics and sketch the waveform for V_o and I_R . 06

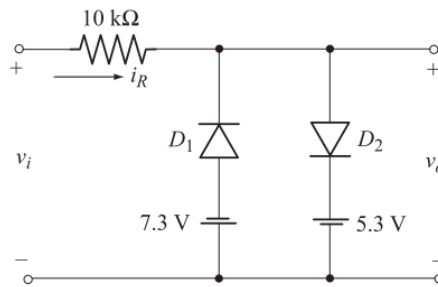
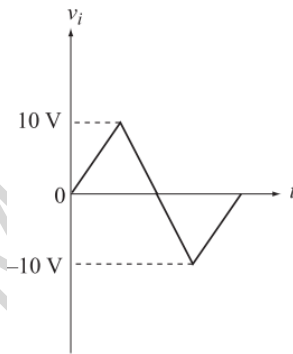


Fig1

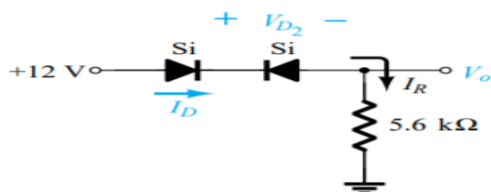
- c) Determine the values of R_c , R_1 , R_2 , R_E for voltage divider configuration with $I_c = 10\text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 12\text{V}$ and $V_{cc} = 24\text{V}$. Assume silicon transistor with beta equal to 100. 09

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.

OR

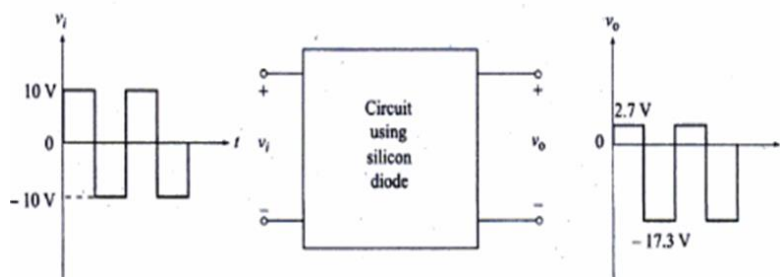
- 2 a) Determine I_D , V_{D2} and V_O for the circuit shown

06



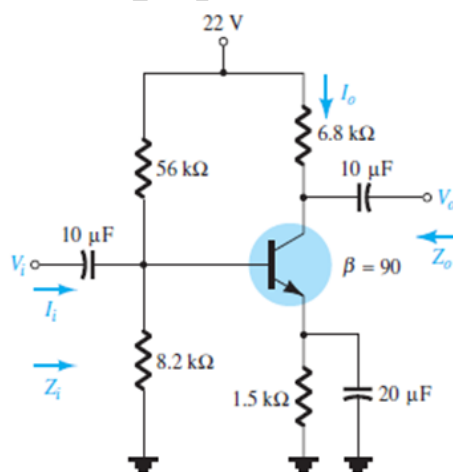
- b) Design a suitable circuit for the block shown below which has input and output waveforms as indicated

06



- c) Determine r_e , Z_i , Z_o and A_v for the voltage divider configuration shown, with $r_o = \infty \Omega$, using r_e analysis

08



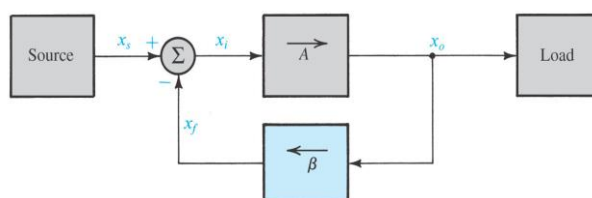
UNIT - II

- 3 a) Derive equation for miller effect induced input and output capacitance for an inverting amplifier

07

- b) Identify the type of amplifier shown and explain its properties,

08



- c) Calculate gain, feedback factor, gain with feedback and voltage gain with feedback for the circuit shown in Fig 2 **05**

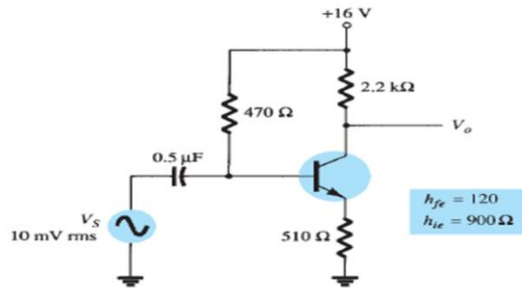


Fig2

UNIT - III

- 4 a) Explain the working of a Series fed Class A power amplifier with neat circuit. **08**
Also derive its efficiency.
- b) For a class B amplifier providing a 20V peak signal to a 16Ω load speaker and a power supply of $V_{cc} = 30V$, determine the input power, output power and circuit efficiency. **06**
- c) For a harmonic distortion reading of $D_2 = 0.1$, $D_3 = 0.02$, and $D_4 = 0.01$, with $I_1 = 4 A$ and $R_C = 8 \Omega$, calculate the total harmonic distortion, fundamental power component, and total power. **06**

UNIT - IV

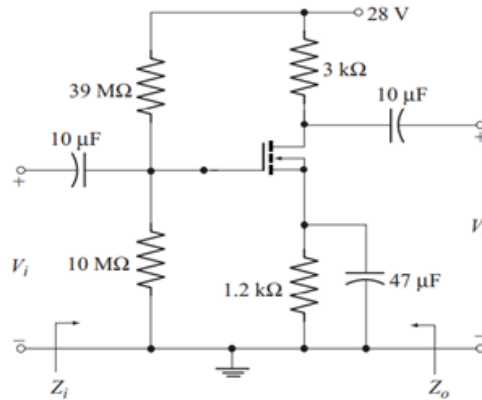
- 5 a) With a neat diagram and $i_d - V_{ds}$ characteristics, explain the operational of n – channel enhancement MOSFET. When **08**
(a) $V_{GS} \leq V_t$
(b) $V_{GS} > V_t$ & $V_{DS} < V_{GS} - V_t$
(c) $V_{GS} > V_t$ & $V_{DS} \geq V_{GS} - V_t$.
- b) For a 0.8μm process technology, for which $t_{ox} = 15nm$ and $\mu_n = 550cm^2/V-s$, find C_{ox} , k'_n and the over drive voltage V_{ov} , required to operate a transistor having $W/L = 20$ in saturation with $I_D = 0.2mA$. What is the minimum value of V_{DS} needed? **06**
- c) Discuss the biasing of n channel enhancement MOSFET using current source **06**

UNIT - V

- 6 a) Sketch the T equivalent circuit model of a MOSFET **06**
- b) Derive expression for input resistance, output resistance, voltage gain and overall voltage gain of a common source MOSFET amplifier **08**
- c) Discuss the working of MOS steering circuits **06**

OR

- 7 a) Obtain the three different relationships for determining g_m of a MOSFET. **07**
- b) For the MOSFET voltage divider configuration shown, $y_{os} = 25\mu S$, calculate Z_i , Z_o , A_v . **07**



- c) Explain the working of RC phase shift oscillator using MOSFET **06**
