

B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

May 2023 Semester End Main Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Branch: MD / EIE

Course Code: 22ES3PCAME

Course: Analog Micro Electronics

Semester: III

Duration: 3 hrs.

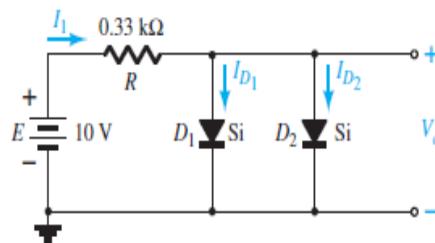
Max Marks: 100

Date: 08.05.2023

Instructions: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

UNIT - I

1 a) Determine V_o , I_1 , I_{D1} and I_{D2} for the parallel diode configuration shown 05



b) For the circuit shown in Fig.1, determine the transfer characteristics and sketch the waveform for V_o and I_R . 06

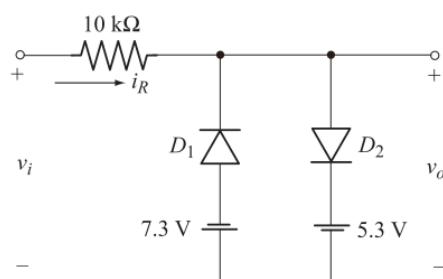
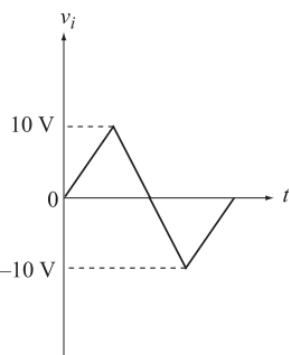


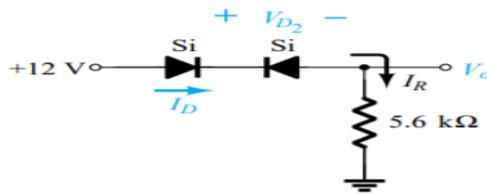
Fig1

c) Determine the values of R_c , R_1 , R_2 , R_E for voltage divider configuration with $I_c = 10\text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 12\text{V}$ and $V_{cc} = 24\text{V}$. Assume silicon transistor with beta equal to 100. 09

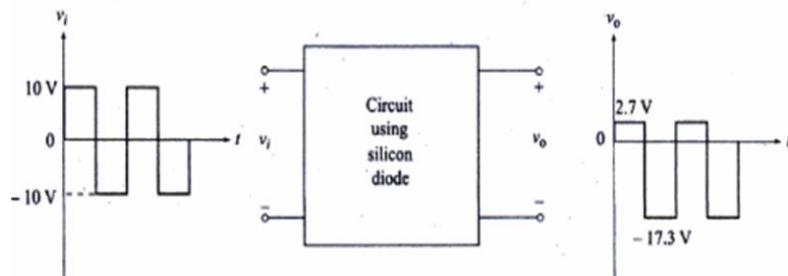
OR

2 a) Determine I_D , V_{D2} and V_o for the circuit shown

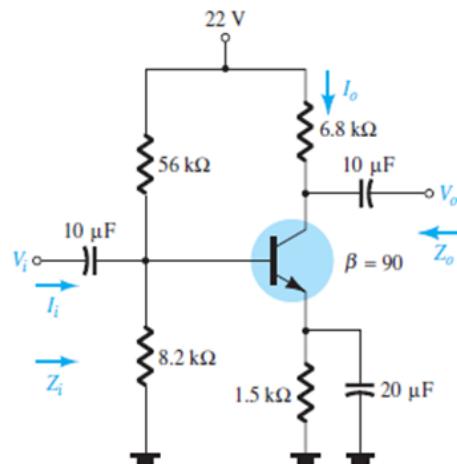
06



b) Design a suitable circuit for the block shown below which has input and output waveforms as indicated 06



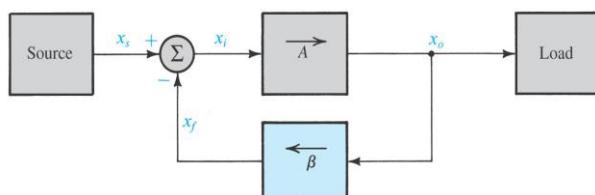
c) Determine r_e , Z_i , Z_o and Av for the voltage divider configuration shown, with $r_o = \infty \Omega$, using r_e analysis 08



UNIT - II

3 a) Derive equation for miller effect induced input and output capacitance for an inverting amplifier 07

b) Identify the type of amplifier shown and explain its properties, 08



c) Calculate gain, feedback factor, gain with feedback and voltage gain with feedback for the circuit shown in Fig 2 05

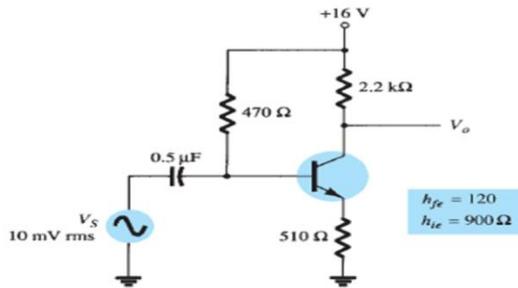


Fig2

UNIT - III

4 a) Explain the working of a Series fed Class A power amplifier with neat circuit. Also derive its efficiency. 08

b) For a class B amplifier providing a 20V peak signal to a 16Ω load speaker and a power supply of $V_{cc} = 30V$, determine the input power, output power and circuit efficiency. 06

c) For a harmonic distortion reading of $D_2 = 0.1$, $D_3 = 0.02$, and $D_4 = 0.01$, with $I_1 = 4 A$ and $R_C = 8 \Omega$, calculate the total harmonic distortion, fundamental power component, and total power. 06

UNIT - IV

5 a) With a neat diagram and $i_d - V_{ds}$ characteristics, explain the operational of n - channel enhancement MOSFET. When 08

(a) $V_{GS} \leq V_t$
 (b) $V_{GS} > V_t$ & $V_{DS} < V_{GS} - V_t$
 (c) $V_{GS} > V_t$ & $V_{DS} \geq V_{GS} - V_t$.

b) For a $0.8\mu m$ process technology, for which $t_{ox} = 15nm$ and $\mu_n = 550cm^2/V-s$, find C_{ox} , k'_n and the over drive voltage V_{ov} , required to operate a transistor having $W/L = 20$ in saturation with $I_D = 0.2mA$. What is the minimum value of V_{DS} needed? 06

c) Discuss the biasing of n channel enhancement MOSFET using current source 06

UNIT - V

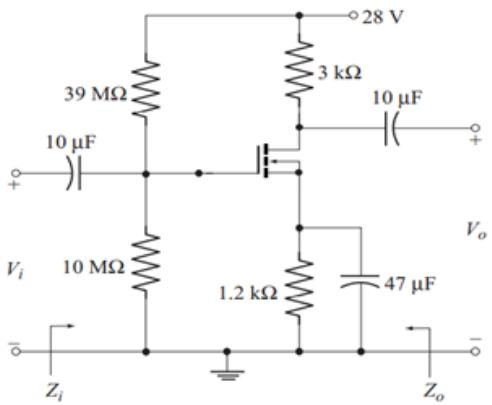
6 a) Sketch the T equivalent circuit model of a MOSFET 06

b) Derive expression for input resistance, output resistance, voltage gain and overall voltage gain of a common source MOSFET amplifier 08

c) Discuss the working of MOS steering circuits 06

OR

7 a) Obtain the three different relationships for determining g_m of a MOSFET. **07**
b) For the MOSFET voltage divider configuration shown, $y_{os} = 25\mu\text{S}$, calculate Z_i, Z_o, A_v . **07**



c) Explain the working of RC phase shift oscillator using MOSFET **06**
