

# B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

## April 2024 Semester End Main Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Branch: MD/EIE

Course Code: 23ES3PCAME

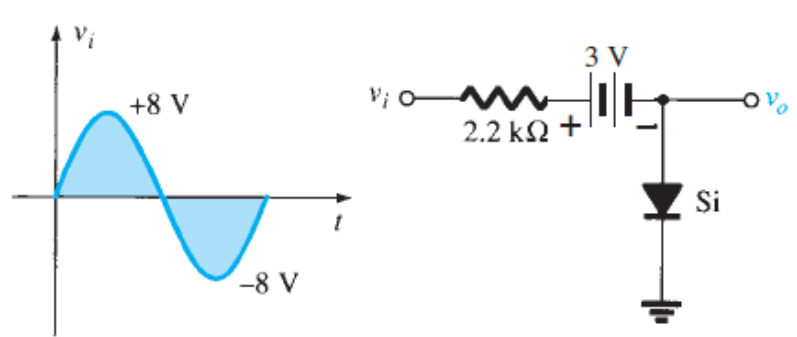
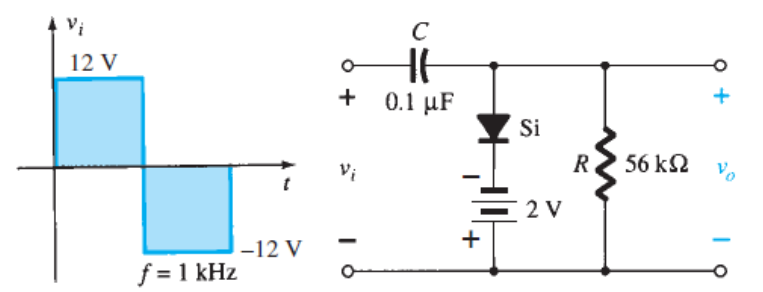
Course: Analog Microelectronics

Semester: III

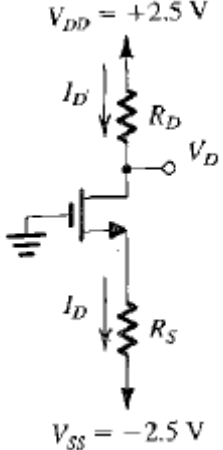
Duration: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 100

**Instructions:** 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.  
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.	UNIT - I			CO	PO	Marks
	1	a)	Determine $V_o$ for the circuit shown in figure 1.a	CO1	PO1	06
						
	Fig 1.a					
		b)	Sketch $V_o$ for the circuit shown in fig 1.b	CO1	PO1	06
						
	1.b					
		c)	Derive an expression for $Z_i$ , $Z_o$ , $A_v$ for the voltage divider network without bypass capacitor.	CO1	PO1	08
	OR					
2	a)	Briefly narrate the process of fixing the operating point using voltage divider bias network.	CO1	PO1	06	
	b)	For the circuit shown in figure draw the output waveform	CO1	PO1	06	

	c)	<p>Determine <math>r_e</math>, <math>V_b</math>, <math>V_e</math>, <math>Z_i</math>, <math>A_v</math> for the circuit shown in figure 2.c</p> <p>Fig 2.c</p>	CO1	PO1	08
		<b>UNIT - II</b>			
3	a)	Explain with the help of mathematical expressions, how the negative feedback in amplifiers increases amplifier bandwidth and reduces distortion in amplifiers.	CO2	PO2	06
	b)	An amplifier with gain of -1000 and feedback of $\beta = -0.1$ has 20% change in gain, calculate the change in gain of the feedback amplifier.	CO2	PO2	06
	c)	For the voltage series feedback amplifier topology, obtain expression for $A_v$ and $R_{if}$ .	CO2	PO2	08
		<b>UNIT - III</b>			
4	a)	Derive the equation for maximum efficiency of a series fed class A power amplifier and explain its operation.	CO3	PO3	08
	b)	For a class B amplifier providing a 20-V peak signal to a $16\Omega$ load (Speaker) and a power supply of $V_{CC} = 30$ V, determine the input power, output power, and circuit efficiency.	CO3	PO3	04
	c)	Explain the operation of a transformer coupled push pull power amplifier.	CO3	PO3	08
		<b>UNIT - IV</b>			
5	a)	Explain the operation of Enhancement MOSFET as $V_{DS}$ is increased.	CO2	PO2	07

	b)	<p>Design the circuit of Fig.5.b so that the transistor operates at <math>I_D = 0.4 \text{ mA}</math> and <math>V_D = +0.5 \text{ V}</math>. The NMOS transistor has <math>V_{t,} = 0.7 \text{ V}</math>, <math>\mu_n C_{ox} = 100 \text{ } \mu\text{A/V}^2</math>, <math>L = 1 \text{ } \mu\text{m}</math>, and <math>W = 32 \text{ } \mu\text{m}</math>. Neglect the channel-length modulation effect (i.e., assume that <math>X = 0</math>).</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig 5.b</p>	CO2	PO2	06
	c)	Explain the biasing of MOSFET using current source.	CO2	PO2	07
		<b>UNIT – V</b>			
6	a)	Using the small signal circuit model obtain the expression for $g_m$ of a MOSFET.	CO3	PO3	10
	b)	Deduce the voltage gain of a CS amplifier with source resistance.	CO3	PO3	10
		<b>OR</b>			
7	a)	Estimate the high frequency response of a CS amplifier.	CO3	PO3	10
	b)	Using the small signal equivalent circuit model obtain the voltage gain of a source follower.	CO3	PO3	10

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