

# B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

## September / October 2023 Supplementary Examinations

**Programme: B.E.**

**Branch: ES Cluster (EEE/ET/ECE/EIE/MD)**

**Course Code: 15ES3GCLCA**

**Course: Linear Circuit Analysis**

**Semester: III**

**Duration: 3 hrs.**

**Max Marks: 100**

**Instructions:** 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.  
2. Missing data, if any may suitably assumed.

### UNIT - I

1 a) The value of R in the network shown in Fig 1(A) is 15 Ohm. What is the equivalent resistance between A and B terminals. 6

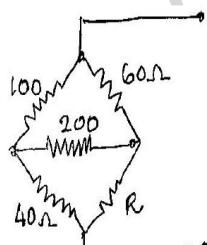


Fig. 1(A).

b) Using the source transformation and source shifting find a single current source in series with a resistance for the network shown in figure 1(B). 8

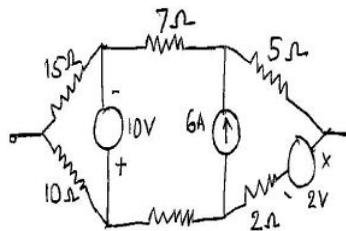


Fig. 1(B)

c) Find the power delivered by the 15 V source in the circuit shown in Fig.1.C by mesh current method. 6

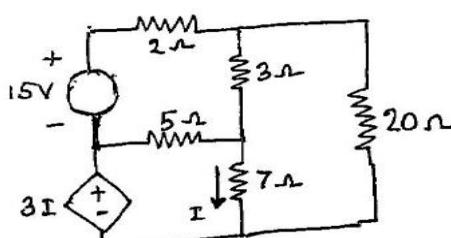


Fig. 1 (C)

**Important Note:** Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.

**OR**

2 a) The voltage applied across A and B for the network shown in figure 2(A) is 12 V. Find the current  $I$  in 8 ohm resistor. 6

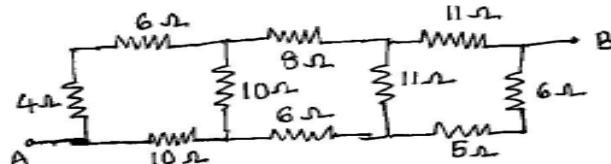


Fig. 2(A)

b) Use loop current method to determine the voltage at all nodes of the network shown in figure 2 (B) 8

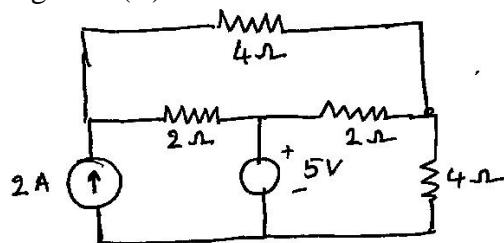


Fig. 2 (B)

c) Find the power delivered by the voltage sources in the circuit shown in figure 2 (C). Use Loop analysis. 6

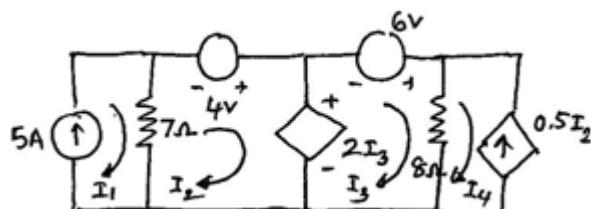


Fig.2(C)

**UNIT - II**

3 a) The directed graph of a network is shown in figure 3 (A). Choose the tree comprising the branches 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. Determine the tie-set matrix and cut-set matrix. 8

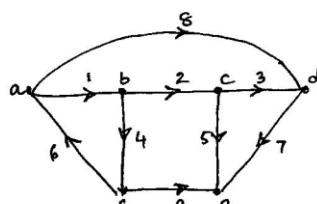


Fig.3 (A)

b) Draw the dual of the network shown in Figure 3 (B). Also write the Mathematical models for the given network and its dual. 6

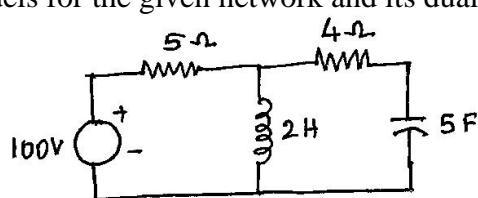


Fig.3 (B)

c) A series RLC circuit has  $R = 50$  Ohms,  $L = 0.01$  H and  $C = 0.04 \mu\text{F}$  and is connected to ac Source of 100 V. 6  
 Find (i) the resonance frequency,  
 (ii) the half power frequencies  
 (iii) the frequency at which voltage across the capacitor is maximum.

### UNIT - III

4 a) State and explain superposition theorem. 6  
 b) Find the current power in the 1 ohm resistor in the circuit shown in figure 4(B). Use Norton's theorem in figure 4 (B). 8

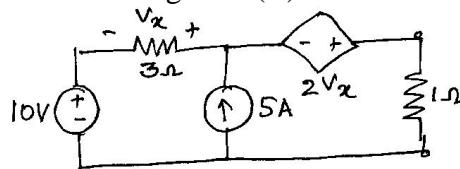


Fig 4 (B)

c) Find the Thevenin's Equivalent circuit across A and B terminals for the circuit shown in figure 4(C). 6

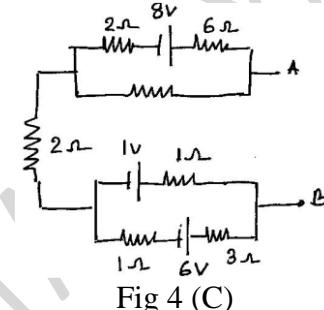


Fig 4 (C)

### UNIT - IV

5 a) For the network shown in figure 5 (A), find  $i_1$ ,  $i_2$ ,  $\frac{di_1}{dt}$ ,  $\frac{di_2}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d^2i_2}{dt^2}$  at  $t = 0^+$ . 10

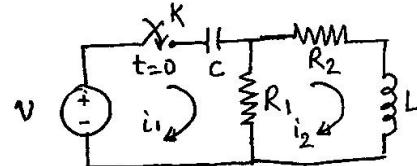


Fig. 5 (A)

b) Synthesize the periodic waveform shown in figure 5(B) and find its Laplace transformation. 10

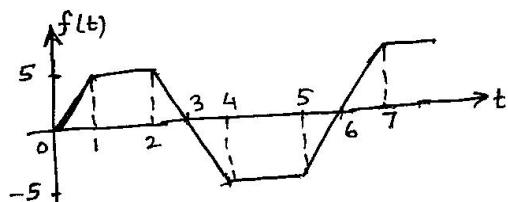


Fig. 5 (B)

**OR**

6 a) State and prove the following:

6

- (i) initial value theorem
- (ii) Final value theorems.

b) Synthesize the function  $x(t)$  shown in figure 6(B) and hence determine the Laplace transform of  $x(t)$ .

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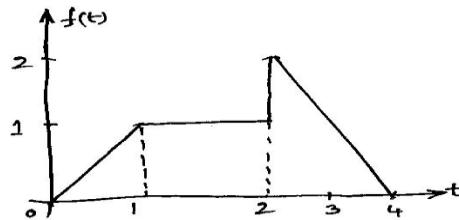


Fig. 6(B)

c) A series R-L circuit with  $R = 1$  Ohm and  $L = 1$  H is connected in parallel with another series R-C circuit of 2 Ohm resistance and  $\frac{1}{2}$  F capacitor are connected across a current source of  $2 u(t)$ . If the inductor and capacitor were unenergised initially, determine  $V_c(t)$  the voltage across the capacitor for  $t > 0$ . Use Laplace transform.

8

7 a) Determine  $Y, Z$  – parameters for the network shown in figure 7(A)

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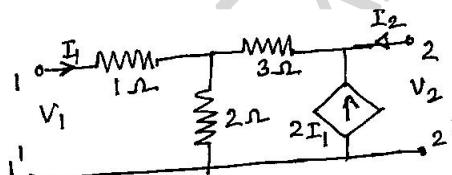


Fig. 7(A)

b) Obtain  $Z$  parameters in terms of  $Y$  parameters and  $h$  in terms of  $Y$  parameters.

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