

# B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

## June 2025 Semester End Main Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Branch: ES CLUSTER (EEE/ECE/EIE/ETE)

Course Code: 22ES4ESCST

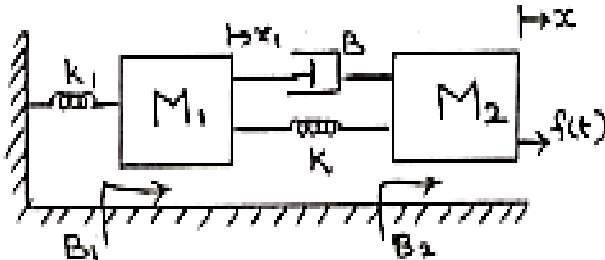
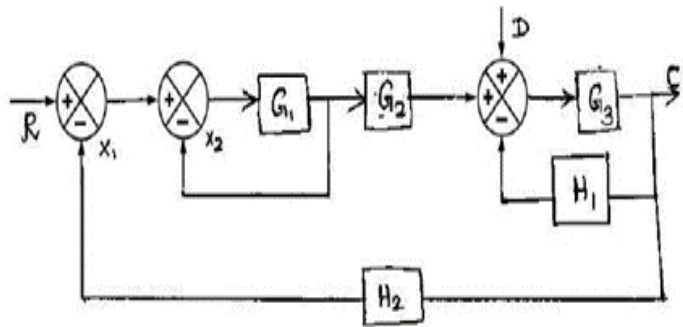
Course: Control Systems

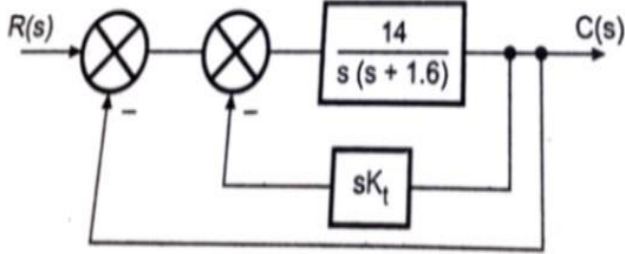
Semester: IV

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 100

**Instructions:** 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.  
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.			UNIT - I	CO	PO	Marks
	1	a)	Differentiate between open-loop and closed-loop control systems, highlighting their key characteristics and providing an example to illustrate their difference.	CO1	-	08
		b)	Write the differential equations governing the mechanical translational system as shown in figure 1b and determine the transfer function.	CO2	PO1	12
			 <p>Figure 1b</p>			
			OR			
	2	a)	Define signal flow graph and explain Mason Gain's formula	CO1	-	8
		b)	For the block diagram shown in figure 1b, find the output C due to R under the following conditions i) D=0 ii) R=0	CO2	PO1	12
			 <p>Figure 1b</p>			

		<b>UNIT - II</b>			
3	a)	Derive the output expression and draw the response of first order system for unit step input.	CO2	PO1	8
	b)	With suitable block diagrams and equations, explain the following types of controllers employed in control systems: a) Proportional controller b) Proportional-plus-integral controller, c) PID controller	CO1	-	12
		<b>OR</b>			
4	a)	A Unity Feedback System Has $G(s) = \frac{40(s+2)}{(s)(s+1)(s+4)}$ Determine (i) Type of the system (ii) All error coefficients and error for step input with magnitude 4.	CO3	PO2	10
	b)	The system shown in figure 4b uses a rate feedback controller. Determine the tachometer constant $K_t$ so as to obtain the damping ratio as 0.5. Calculate corresponding $T_p$ , $M_p$ , $W_d$ , $T_s$ .	CO3	PO2	10
		 <p style="text-align: center;">figure 4b</p>			
		<b>UNIT - III</b>			
5	a)	Determine the range of $K$ for stability of unity feedback system using Routh stability criterion whose transfer function $\frac{C(S)}{R(S)} = \frac{K}{S(S^2 + S + 1)(S + 2) + K}$	CO3	PO2	6
	b)	Sketch the root locus for the open loop transfer function of unity feedback control system given below. $G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s^2 + 4s + 13)}$	CO3	PO2	14
		<b>OR</b>			
6	a)	Plot The Root Locus for the system having $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K(S^2 + 4S + 20)}{(S(S + 3))}$	CO3	PO2	10
	b)	Analyze the equation and examine the stability of system using Routh's Criterion  a) $S^6 + 2S^5 + 8S^4 + 12S^3 + 20S^2 + 16S + 16 = 0$ b) $S^5 + S^4 + 2S^3 + 2S^2 + 3S + 15 = 0$	CO3	PO2	10

		<b>UNIT - IV</b>			
7	a)	<p>A unity feedback control system is to work under Proportional Control. The process transfer function is described as follows:</p> $G(s) = \frac{1}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 3s + 4}$ <p>Apply the Nyquist criterion to determine the system closed loop stability.</p>	CO3	PO2	14
	b)	<p>Sketch the polar plot for the given transfer function and determine the points of intersection</p> $G(s)H(s) = \frac{1}{(1 + 10s)}$	CO3	PO2	06
		<b>OR</b>			
8	a)	<p>Sketch the bode plot for the following transfer function and determine the phase margin &amp; gain margin</p> $G(s)H(s) = \frac{20}{s(1+3s)(1+4s)}$	CO3	PO2	14
	b)	Explain gain margin and phase margin of control system with respect to stability.	CO1	-	06
		<b>UNIT - V</b>			
9	a)	<p>Obtain the state model of the system described by the following transfer function</p> $\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{5}{s^2 + 6s + 7}$	CO3	PO2	10
	b)	<p>Obtain the transfer function model for the following state space system</p> $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -6 & -5 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, C = [1 \quad 0], D = [0]$	CO3	PO2	10
		<b>OR</b>			
10	a)	$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, C = [1 \quad 0 \quad 0]$ <p>Find the transfer function of the given State model</p>	CO3	PO2	10
	b)	Derive linear time invariant system state model equation.	CO3	PO2	06
	c)	<p>Define the following</p> <p>a) state b) state variable c) state vector d) state space</p>	CO1	-	04

\*\*\*\*\*