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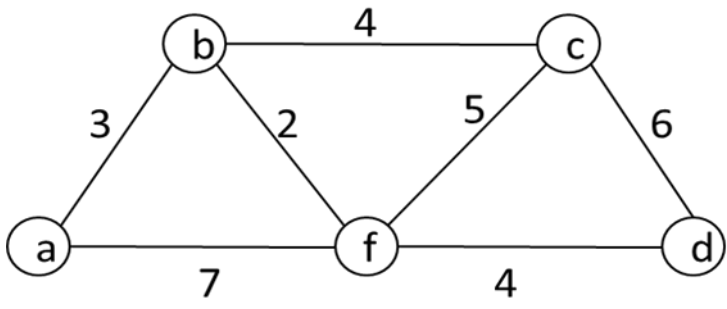
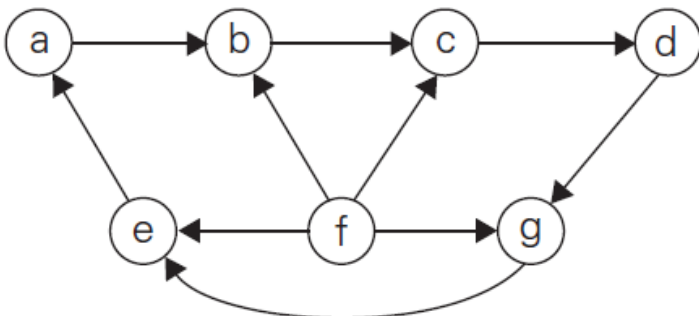
**B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019**

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

**August 2024 Semester End Main Examinations****Programme: B.E.****Branch: Information Science and Engineering****Course Code: 22IS4PCADA****Course: Analysis and Design of Algorithms****Semester: IV****Duration: 3 hrs.****Max Marks: 100**

**Instructions:** 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.  
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

<b>Important Note:</b> Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.			<b>UNIT - I</b>	<b>CO</b>	<b>PO</b>	<b>Marks</b>
	1	a)	Explicate a general plan for analyzing the time efficiency of Nonrecursive algorithms. List the following functions according to their order of growth from the lowest to the highest: $(n-2)!$ , $5 \lg(n+100)^{10}$ , $0.001n^4 + 3n^3 + 1$ , $\ln^2 n$ , $3^n$	CO2	PO2	10
		b)	Consider the algorithm given below and answer the questions that follow: ALGORITHM Enigma(A[0..n-1, 0..n-1]) //Input: A matrix A[0..n-1, 0..n-1] of real numbers for i ← 0 to n-2 do for j ← i+1 to n-1 do if A[i, j] != A[j, i] return false return true i) What does this algorithm compute? ii) What is its basic operation? iii) How many times is the basic operation executed? iv) What is the efficiency class of this algorithm? v) Suggest an improvement, or a better algorithm altogether, and indicate its efficiency class. If you cannot do it, try to prove that, in fact, it cannot be done.	CO2	PO2	10
			<b>UNIT - II</b>			
	2	a)	Write the Selection Sort algorithm. Sort the list {E, X, A, M, P, L, E} in alphabetical order by selection sort.	CO2	PO2	10
		b)	Write Dijkstra's algorithm to find all the shortest paths from a given source vertex to all other vertices in a graph. Trace the following graph to get shortest path from vertex 'a' to all other vertices.	CO3	PO3	10

					
		<b>OR</b>			
3	a)	Write the quick sort algorithm. Apply the algorithm to sort the list {5, 3, 1, 9, 8, 2, 4, 7}.	CO1	PO1	10
	b)	Write the brute force string matching algorithm. Determine the number of character comparisons made by the brute-force string matching algorithm in searching for the pattern GANDHI in the text {THERE IS MORE TO LIFE THAN INCREASING ITS SPEED}. Assume that the length of the text is 47 characters long and is known before the search starts.	CO2	PO2	10
		<b>UNIT - III</b>			
4	a)	Apply Horspool's algorithm to search for the pattern BARBER in some text considering the following cases. i) No match at all ii) Match found but not with last character iii) Only last (1 or more) character is matching iv) Match found with last as well as with other characters	CO3	PO3	12
	b)	With suitable example, explain the depth first search and breadth first search algorithms.	CO1	PO1	08
		<b>OR</b>			
5	a)	Write an algorithm for breadth first search. Apply the DFS-based algorithm to solve the topological sorting problem for the following digraph.	CO2	PO2	08
	b)		CO2	PO2	08
	b)	For the input {30, 20, 56, 75, 31, 19} and hash function $h(K) = K \bmod 11$ i) construct the open hash table. ii) find the largest number of key comparisons in a successful search in this table.	CO2	PO2	08

		iii) find the average number of key comparisons in a successful search in this table.			
	c)	Generate all permutations of the given set {3, 5, 7} using Johnson-Trotter algorithm.	CO2	PO2	04
		<b>UNIT - IV</b>			
6	a)	Solve the all-pairs shortest-path problem for the digraph with the following weight matrix: $  \begin{array}{c}  \begin{matrix} & a & b & c & d & e \end{matrix} \\  \begin{matrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \\ e \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix}  0 & 2 & \infty & 1 & 8 \\  6 & 0 & 3 & 2 & \infty \\  \infty & \infty & 0 & 4 & \infty \\  \infty & \infty & 2 & 0 & 3 \\  3 & \infty & \infty & \infty & 0  \end{pmatrix}  \end{array}  $	CO2	PO2	10
	b)	Write the two-stage heapsort algorithm. Apply the same to sort the list {2, 9, 7, 6, 5, 8}.	CO3	PO3	10
		<b>UNIT - V</b>			
7	a)	Write the decision tree for three-element selection sort.	CO1	PO1	06
	b)	Distinguish between P, NP and NP-Complete problems. Give example for each category.	CO1	PO1	06
	c)	Solve the following job assignment problem using branch and bound design technique. $  \begin{array}{cccc}  \text{job 1} & \text{job 2} & \text{job 3} & \text{job 4} \\  \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 8 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{matrix} \text{person } a \\ \text{person } b \\ \text{person } c \\ \text{person } d \end{matrix}  \end{array}  $	CO2	PO2	08

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