

B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

September / October 2024 Supplementary Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Branch: Mechanical Engineering

Course Code: 19ME3DCSOM

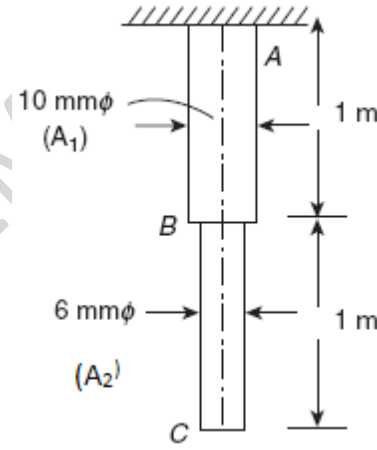
Course: Strength of Materials

Semester: III

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 100

Instructions: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.			UNIT - I	CO	PO	Marks
	1	a)	Explain : i) stress ii) strain iii) modulus of elasticity iv) Hooke's Law v) Poisson's ratio	CO1	PO1 PO2	10
		b)	<p>A stepped steel bar is suspended vertically. The diameter in the upper half is 10 mm, while the diameter in the lower half is 6 mm. What are the stresses due to self-weight in sections B and A as shown in the Figure Q1b. $E = 200 \text{ kN/mm}^2$. Weight density, $\rho = 0.7644 \times 10^{-3} \text{ N/mm}^3$. What is the change in its length if $E = 200000 \text{ MPa}$?</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Figure Q1b</p>	CO1	PO1 PO2 PO3	10
			OR			
	2	a)	Determine the overall change in length of the bar shown in the Figure Q2a below with following data: $E = 100000 \text{ N/mm}^2$.	CO1	PO1 PO2 PO3	10

		<p style="text-align: center;">Figure Q2a</p>			
	b)	Derive the expression for elongation in bar due to self-weight.	CO1	PO1 PO2	10
		UNIT - II			
3	a)	Draw shear force and bending moment diagrams for the beam loaded as shown in Figure Q3a.	CO2	PO1 PO2 PO3	10
		<p style="text-align: center;">Figure Q3a</p>			
	b)	A cantilever is subjected to a combination of loads shown in Figure Q3b. Draw SFD and BMD for the same.	CO2	PO1 PO2 PO3	10
		<p style="text-align: center;">Figure Q3b</p>			
		UNIT - III			
4	a)	What are the assumptions made in theory of simple bending? Derive the expression for bending equation.	CO2	PO1 PO2	12
	b)	A simply supported beam of span 5 m has a cross-section 150 mm*250 mm. If the permissible stress is 10 N/mm ² , find (a) maximum intensity of uniformly distributed load it can carry. (b) Maximum concentrated load P applied at 2 m from one end it can carry.	CO2	PO1 PO2 PO3	08
		OR			
5	a)	Derive the deflection equation in the form $EI (d^2y/dx^2) = M$.	CO2	PO1 PO2	10

	b)	A simply supported beam of 6 m span is subjected to a concentrated load of 18 kN at 4 m from left support. Calculate:- i) The position & value of maximum deflection. ii) Deflection at the load point, and iii) Slope at mid-span. Take $E=200 \text{ GPa}$, $I=15 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$	CO2	PO1 PO2 PO3	10
		UNIT - IV			
6	a)	State the assumptions made in pure torsion. Derive torsion equation and thus derive expression for maximum stress in a solid shaft.	CO3	PO1 PO2	10
	b)	A shaft is required to transmit 245 kW power at 240 rpm. The maximum torque may be 1.5 times the mean torque. The shear stress in the shaft should not exceed 40 N/mm^2 and the twist 1° per metre length. Determine the diameter required if (a) The shaft is solid. (b) The shaft is hollow with external diameter twice the internal diameter. Take modulus of rigidity = 80 kN/mm^2 .	CO3	PO1 PO2 PO3	10
		UNIT - V			
7	a)	Derive the expressions for hoop stress and longitudinal stress developed in thin cylinders.	CO4	PO1 PO2	12
	b)	A thick cylinder of internal diameter 160 mm is subjected to an internal pressure of 40 N/mm^2 . If the allowable stress in the material is 120 N/mm^2 . Find the thickness required.	CO4	PO1 PO2 PO3	08
